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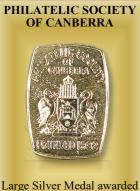




GET IT SORTED WITH SENDON



The Gozo Philatelic Society was founded on 3 September 1999 for the promotion of the hobby, the provision of a point of reference and co-ordination. Front Page: CHRISTMAS GREETINGS to all readers and members



Large Silver Medal awarded to the Gozo Philatelic Society Magazine

GPS Magazine —Official Organ of The Gozo Philatelic Society

First issued on 12 February 2000 Editor: Austin Masini — Designer Anthony Grech Opinions expressed do not necessarily represent the Committee's official policy.

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G030 Philatelic Society Patron His Excellency Dr George Vella President of the Republic of Malta

CONTENTS.

G.P.S. Diary No 80	G.P.S. Secretary Antoine Vassallo	4
Christmas Greetings	GPS President & Committee	5
An F.D.C from each issuer	Victor Gusman	6
Malta Overseas	Antoine Vassallo	10
Numismatic Special (4)	Antoine Vassallo	12
Cinderella Shakespeare	Antoine Vassallo	14
Gozo on Malta stamps (new series)	Anthony Grech	15
Philatelic Centennials	Antoine Vassallo	19
A Fantastic Find	Anthony Grech	21
E & O' not E New Zealand Christmas Stamps	Antoine Vassallo	22
'Stamps' (Poem)	George Hunter	26
Long live the Monarch	Antoine Vassallo	27
US Stamps Controversy X3+1	Antoine Vassallo	28
Why is the Yellow Hat so rare	Antoine Vassallo	30

NOTE. The new series GOZO ON MALTA STAMPS on page 15 to 18 were purposely printed in the middle of this Newsletter for those who wish to pull them out and use them as a thematic album.

What goes all the way around the world but stays in a corner? Answer on page 29

(80) G.P.S. Diary

Antoine Vassallo Gozo Philatelic Society Secreta

VO/0546secretary@stamps-gozo.org

10 July 2022 A further instalment in our thematic series in the national weekly in Maltese *Il-Leħen*.

13 July Vice President Anthony Grech again begins running stamp sessions at the Oratory Don Bosco Summer School.

24 July National weekly *Il-Leħen* carries another instalment in our thematic series.

30 July Anthony Grech produces Cover for *Santa Marija* anniversary handstamp.

12 August Anthony Grech produces Covers for Għajnsielem and Kerċem stamps in the annual Festa statues series.

17 August Anthony Grech gives a personal Salesian collection, mostly philatelic, to Don Bosco Oratory director Fr Effie Masini.

21 August National weekly *Il-Leħen* offers a further instalment in our thematic series.

27 August Committee agrees about November Exhibition and about a book to cover all GPS Covers.

#86 slips

The person mentioned on page 10 was actually Gaetano Martino.

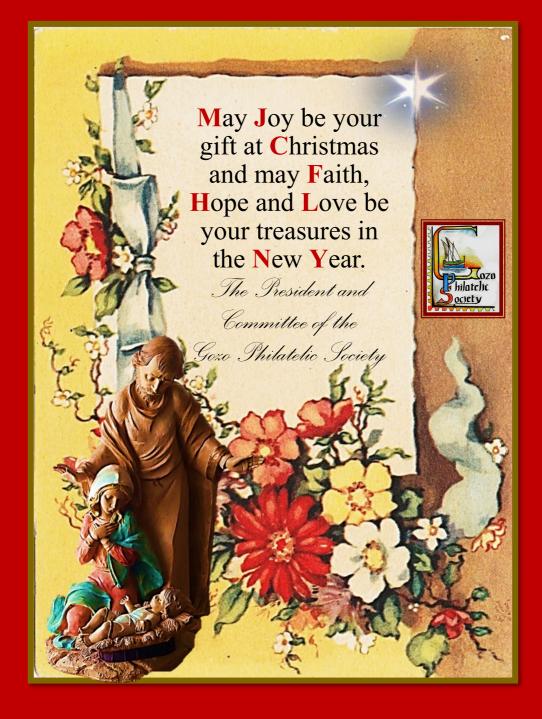
The first half of the article on page 24 slipped out:

Basutoland's first stamp issue, engraved and printed by Waterlow & Sons, consisted of ten denominations with a portrait of George V and a vignette depicting a crocodile on a river bank (with the Drakensberg Mountains as a background). The same design was adapted five years later for George VI. So we have twentyone crocodiles between 1933 and 1938 – luckily enough, more general scenes were chosen for the Elizabth II definitives!

However a crocodile returned in the 1967 defs when Basutoland became the independent Lesotho. And it was surely not an insignificant detail since it actually formed part of the country's Arms! Strangely enough, in spite of this emphasis on this lizard, crocodiles can no longer be found in this corner of Africa. Though sometimes described as extinct, no evidence actually exists of their presence! WHY?

<u>Please note that our publications are included in Malta University's External</u> <u>Research Collection and can be assessed on https://www.um.edu.mt/library/oar/</u> <u>handle/123456789/24814</u>

GPS NEWS LETTER NO 87-3/2022





FIRST DAY OF ISSUE / PREMIER IOUR D'EMISSION Hrs. Nancy I. Croteau Pleasure Hill Estate R.F.D. Old Rt. 101 Epping, New Hampshire 03042

Taranaki Province on New Zealand. The design on the cover shows a peaceful rural scene with one of the most distinctive landmarks of the region, Mount Egmont in the background

STAMPS OF ALL COUNTRIES / LES TIMBRES DE TOUS LES PAYS

EW GUINEA / PAPOUASE-NOUVELLE GL

GPS NEWS LETTER NO 87-3/2022



NORWAY

This stamp displays a 19th cenury painting by Nowegian artist Herman August Ceppelen who was born on 1 May 1827. The cachet on the fdc compliments the stamp, showing the artist at work in a lovely sylvan setting, one of his favourite subjects.

PAPUA NEW GUINEA

The citizens of this ination greatly value their variety of lifestyles and rich heritage. Thus, the stamp here pays tribute to the traditional art and mythology of the Elema people. The stamp features a traditional

Elema woodcut that illustrates an episode in the myth of Kari Marupio.

FIRST DAY OF ISSUE / PREMIER JOUR D'EMISSION

Mrs. Nancy I. Croteau Pleasure Hill Estate R.F.D. Old Rt. 101

Epping, New Hampshire 03042

19.10.77



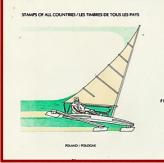
PHILIPPINES

The stamp depicts the lovely Don Esperanza, an evergreen shrub named aftert Mrs Esperanza Osmena. This flower is characterised by an enlarged bract of pale pink bordered by a margin of darker pink.

7



PITCAIRN ISLAND A first day cover issued by this remote island in the South Pacific, where mutineers from the famous ship HMS Bounty established a colony in the early 1790. After they landed, the mutineers set fire to the Bounty in an attempt to avoid detection.





FIRST DAY OF ISSUE / PREMIER JOUR D'EMISSION Wrs. Nancy I. Croteau Pleasure Hill Estate R.F.D. Old Rt. 101 Epping, New Hampshire 03042

POLAND

This fdc was issued to commemorate the iceboat raceing championship held in this country. The design on the cover portrays an iceboat swiftly and gracefully skimming across the frozen surface of a bay or lake.

STAMPS OF ALL COUNTRIES / LES TIMBRES DE TOUS LES PAY



THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC / LA RÉPUBLIQUE PORTUGAISE



FIRST DAY OF ISSUE / PREMIER JOUR D'EMISSION

Mrs. Nancy I. Croteau Pleasure Hill Estate R.F.D. Old Rt. 101 Epping, New Hampshire 03042

PORTUGAL

The stamp portrays the most renowned historian and novelist in Portugal -Alexandre Herculano. The original cachet design in the cover compliments the stamp by depicting the noted author working at his desk.

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STAMPS OF ALL COUNTRIES / LES TIMBRES DE TOUS LES PAY

KOUTH ARREA/ CARROUT DU SUD



FIRST DAY OF ISSUE / PREMIER JOUR D'EMISSION

Hrs. Nancy I. Croleau Pleasure Hill Estate R.F.D. Old Rt. 101 Epping, New Mampshire 03042

REPUBLIC OF CHINA

100 years ago the first Chinese postage stamps were issued in 3 similar designs. The main feature being an ornate dragon, the symbol of ancient imperial power and the Chinese national emblem.



REPUBLIC OF MALI

The stamp features a stylised wood carving created by an artist of the nation's many tribes. The design on the cover shows Malians bearing their burdens in baskets balanced on top of their heads.

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

The flag of the Republic is portrayed on the stamp affixed on the fdc. The flag consists of white, orange and blue horizontal strips. In the centre of the white stripe is an Orange Free State Flag flanked on

the left by the British Union Jack and the old Transvaal Flag.

FIRST DAY OF ISSUE / PREMIER JOUR D'EMISSION

Mrs. Nancy I. Croteau Pleasure Hill Estate R.F.D. Old Rt, 101

Epping, New Hompshire 03042

9

MALTA OVERSEAS

local connections on foreign stamps





Antoine Vassallo

The Isle of Man

issued a set of six Cartor-printed stamps in 2022 to celebrate Michael Sandle RA who actually grew up in the island. Each one showcases a different sculpture, including (on the EU value) the Siege Bell Memorial perched above Malta's Grand Harbour, beside the Lower Barakka Gardens. The world-renowned prolific sculptor states that he is most proud of having produced this last, the architectural design additionally to the sculptural elements being four years in the making. And that is the photo chosen for the cover of the official IOM folder. The work commemorates the ending of the siege of the island by German bombers during World War II. The

Memorial is a simple monument symbolising the plight of the many who fought and died for Malta – and the free world - during the Second World War. It was built – on the initiative of the George Cross Island Association - in 1992 on the 50th anniversary of the award by King George VI of the George Cross "to bear witness to a heroism and devotion that will long be famous in history" during the attacks on the island. In fact our islands became the most bombed place during the war, with thousands of soldiers and civilians killed.

The Siege Bell Memorial – Mepa-scheduled as a Grade 2 national monument - was unveiled by Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth in 1992. Its

GPS NEWS LETTER NO 87-3/2022



modest design blends excellently with the natural surroundings and majestic fortifications built by the Knights of St John. The design of the structure consists of a belfry in the form of an elliptical neo-

classical temple supported by ten square-faced columns. The collonaded belfry contains a heavy bronze bell, the largest in Malta. The inspiration was the *Maria Gloriosa* mediaeval bell of Erfurt Cathedral in Germany. The tolling bourdon bell was intended to build up a drone, solemnly lamenting the bellic heroes across the waves.

The bell was cast by what are probably the world's largest bellfounders, John Taylor & Co Founders of Loughborough England. A Latin inscription adorns the mulley groove of the bell, quoting from Psalm 140 *Obumbrasti Super Caput Meum In Die Belli MCMXL – MCMXLIII* ("You cast your shadow upon my head during the time of war 1940-1943").

At its base, one notices commemorative plaques and a staircase leading to another pedestal where a catafalque lies. There, visitors can see a statue dedicated to the 'Unknown Soldier', symbolising all the people who died at war. The Valletta Rehabilitation Project was responsible for its construction. The site was specifically chosen because it marks the furthermost point of Valletta within the Grand Harbour and its seclusion complements the meditating nature of the monument while the bell tolls solemnly in

commemoration of the fallen heroes.

It is finally worthwhile to note that the site was chosen by MaltaPost to illustrate the 2017 miniature sheet on the 75th anniversary of Operation Pedestal.



11



NUMISMATIC SPECIAL (4)

Antoine Vassallo

The Central Bank of Malta, in collaboration with Lombard Bank, issued on 29 November 2018 three gold bullion coins. They were given the name of "Melita", as Malta was called under the Romans.

These legal tender coins, struck in Swtizerland (PAMP S.A.) in a very high purity of 0.999, were issued in three different weights and denominations: €25 (one quarter-ounce), €50 (one half-ounce coin) and €100 (one troy ounce). The intention was that the coins would

> be minted according to with demand. no differences except for the

year of issue. Being classed as investment gold, they were exempt from VAT. As can be expected, they had certification and authentication support.

The coins feature the national emblem on the reverse and the figure of Melita on the obverse. This latter was clearly inspired by that created by prominent artist Edward Caruana

Dingli (1876-1950) for the famous 1922 stamp set issued immediately after Malta attained self-government in 1921. The allegorical female figure, shown wearing a classical helmet and armour, is holding a rudder - an obvious allusion to the fact that the new constitution led to a perception that we were now taking control of her destiny. These stamps were issued in values from 1/4d to 6d, together with £1 – most with distinctive shades. The set (except for the pound) then appeared in



GPS NEWS LETTER NO 87-3/2022

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1926 with a "postage" overprint when the decision was taken for separate fiscal stamps. As also mentioned in issue 86 of this Newsletter, other designs of his were used for the 25¢ Calì in 1996 and the two stamps in the 2020 Sepac.

This same Melita icon had another long numismatic use: on paper currency. In 1989, in coincidence with the Independence 25th anniversary, the Central Bank of Malta introduced its fifth series printed by Thomas De La Rue & Co Ltd. Sizes and denominations did not change but the front or obverse featured the allegorical figure. Also included were the United Nations emblem, doves (adopted from the 1964 stamp set, symbolizing our nation's commitment to peace), the Bank's armorial bearings, and mosaic designs from the Roman period.

The reverse did not have a common design: the Lm2 had the *Banca Giuratale* of Victoria and Mdina, the Lm5 the Mdina Gate back and the *Torre dello Stendardo*, the Lm10 a Gianni Vella painting of the VII Giugno uprising and the related Anton Agius monument, the Lm20 Giorgio Borg Olivier with the Independence Constitutional Instruments.

These four notes were also reissued with enhanced security featues and



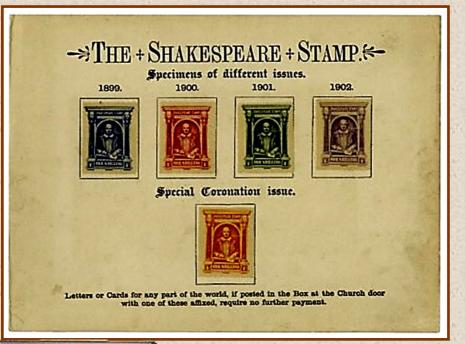
changed signatures. The three lower values appeared in 2000 as a "Special Millenium Issue". Malta's first notaphilic notes had the addition of a hologram with a clockface, dove, map and "*lejn millenju gdid*".



Cinderella Shakespeare Antoine Vassallo

The British playwright William Shakespeare has appreared on numerous sets and stamps, including unofficial and non-postal Cinderellas.

These examples are more than a hundred years old!





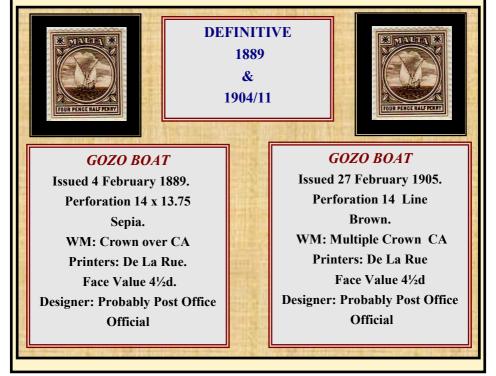
These one shilling stamps were issued annually, produced by Holy Trinity Church in Stratfordupon-Avon as part of a fundraising scheme. The design was adapted from his memorial in that church, printed in a different colour each year.

As noted on the bottom of this card (an obvious Stratford souvenir), and in publicity elsewhere, the stamps could be used to send mail anywhere - including international addresses – if posted in the box at the door. Church staff would of course collect all items and then apply normal postage stamps to them. In those days, domestic – and even foreign - rates were well under a shilling and thus the scheme resulted in good surpluses!

Shakespeare memorial at Holy Trinity Church

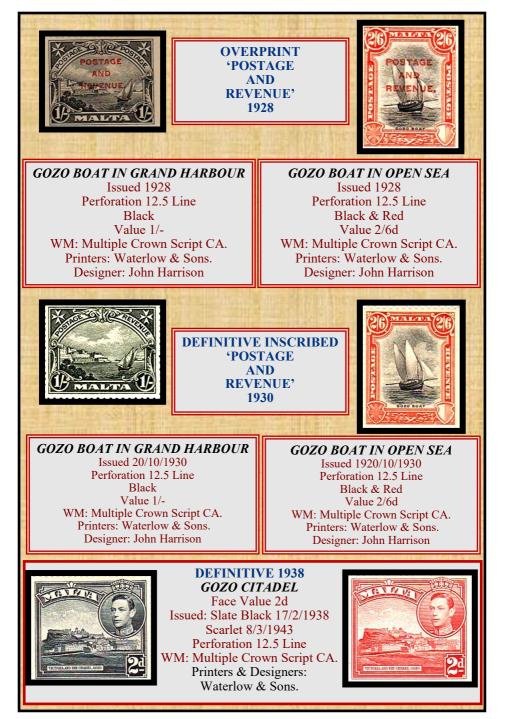
GOZO ON MALTA STAMPS Issued by Malta Postal Administrations trough the years Anthony Greech

When in 1999 a small number of Gozitan philatelists decided to organize a Gozo Philatelic Society, a logo had to be designed. This was entrusted to Anthony Grech, one of the founder members. Some three or four designs were submitted for the committee to choose the most adequate one. A design showing the Gozo boat was preferred against the usual Three Hills image usually used when Gozo is mentioned. The Gozo Boat design was chosen to give tribute to the hundreds of Gozitans who provided the Island with transport of all kind of goods to and from the main Island. Furthermore the Gozo Boat was the first image with Gozitan connections on Malta stamps.









PHILATELIC CENTENNIALS

glances – and longer looks – at events from a hundred years ago .presented by Antoine Vassallo

<u>30 – Top Values (1922)</u>



The $\notin 1$ "Melita" stamp was issued in 1922 – the first time a Malta stamp had such a high face value.

As we all know, the first stamps of Malta only appeared in 1860 but GB and others were also used. Until the first set in 1885, our top – and only – value was $\frac{1}{2}d$: the famous halfpenny yellow.



From 1885, Malta's top value became one shilling (1/-) but just a year later we had a five shillings. The Dorè St Paul 10/- arrived in 1889 – and it emained in use with minor (or bigger) changes until the Melita set.

This one pound value was actually mainly used for non-postal purposes – and was not included (after a changed decision) in the Melita "Postage" overprints.

The 10/- remained the top value in succeeding definitives. However the 1949



Royal Silver Wedding omnibus offered a much-criticized €1. Later definitives (from 1956) again included a one pound as top value.

With the change to decimal currency, the top value became 50c - until thefirst decimal definitive continued to two Maltese liras (LM2).





The 1981 definitives (in a quite minute format) went a step further to LM3. This seemed to be



exceptional since the next defs (in 1991) stopped at two Liri. Stamps with euro values began appearing in 2006 (Crafts), topping at \in 1.40; but in 2007 we had a €3.49 (Prehistoric). That same year brought a €4.66 miniature sheet (Caravaggio), equivalent to the old LM2.

The first euro defs appeared in 2009, with a €5 top value. Ten years later, in 2019, a further increase took place: in a VII Giugno









But this remains less than the equivalent of the record 1981 LM3!



A Fantastic Find. Anthony Grech 1960 XIX Centenary of St Paul Shipwreck in Malta.



A complete sheet with colour varieties on most of the stamps. The varieties consist of missing colour patches especially on dark blue areas.

Some varieties are more intense and numerous than on others. This missing blue colour occurs not only on the main design but also sometimes on the lettering beneath the design.

This item was on show at the Gozo Philatelic Society 23rd Annual Exhibition.





E & O not E glances at stamps with design or printing mistakes



In issue 84 (last year's "Christmas special"), I presented three seasonal





New Zealand printing errors. I now add a couple more.

These two copies from the **1975** Christmas set show quite a traditional "Virgin and Child" by Zanobi Machiavelli, a fifteenth century Italian artist who specialized in religious scenes. This egg tempera was acquired by New Zealand's own Dunedin Public Art Gallery in 1973. The red colour is omitted on the second, creating a very evident printing error.

Another – probably not as clear missing red had appeared in **1966**. This "Virgin and Child" by Carlo Maratta (1625 –

1713), an artist who was especially famous in Rome and whose surname is shown as Maratti too, is exhibited in Vienna's *Kunsthistorisches Museum* (= "Museum of Art History").





CHRISTMAS 19



can be seen instead of

The **1970** issue offered other errors, of varied quality. The 3cent was reproduced from a stained glass window showing the Holy Family to be found in a church in Invercargill, a city on the country's South Island.

The missing green means that the stamp becomes anonymous

and valueless!

I also add two further examples of defective printing: colour a displacement and perforation shift. Should such stamps have been distributed through post offices?!

This used 1997 selfadhesive is another example of a perforation shift, so misaligned that the booklet information the side of the design.

This was supposed to feature both a Memorial Cross and the Te Harinui folk song, described as "New Zealand's best-loved iconic Christmas carol", celebrating the first Christmas Day service in New Zealand held by the Reverend Samuel Marsden at the Bay of Islands in 1814.

The six normal sheet stamps illustrate the various verses. The \$1.50 in fact has a mistake since the first word should be "Now" not "How" ("Now in this blessed land / United heart and hand / We praise the glorious birth / And sing to all the earth").





Ferns are quite common on New Zealand stamps, being practically a national symbol. They created an error on the **2003** self-adhesive 40cent (coil) because of a missing (black) silver fern on the Child's arm.

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I conclude with a final missing red, on the **1960** stamp, New Zealand's first – and a very early seasonal set. It reproduces "The Adoration of the Shepherds" which is housed in London's National Gallery. Though traditionally attributed to Rembrandt, it was probably actually produced by a talented student in his studio. The toned stamp paper was specifically chosen to produce a more authentic rendering. <u>Antoine Vassallo</u>

HAVE YOU PAID YOUR MEMBERSHIP FOR 2023?

Please help your Philatelic Society to serve you. Send your fee (local members Euro 5.00) to Anthony Grech, 'Warda Maltija' 4 Triq Ibisku, Xewkija, Gozo. <u>YOU CAND SEND YOUR FEE IN MINT MALTA POSTAGE</u> <u>STAMPS.</u> Thank you for your support



Stamps

Today I'm in a stew Because I'm out of brew. Weather's bad, you clown So you can't go to town So what's an old f*rt to do?

Not able to make an excursion I needed some other diversion. So got out my stamps A good job for a Gramps And to that I had no aversion.

My collecting had been aborted Was a long time since I sorted. So to get back in the groove Bought some U.S. on approve. My album thought I'd been deported.

Turned out to be quite a caper Soaking those stamps off their paper. It took me so long That I sang me a song As I pressed them flat in newspaper.

And so I passed the time When I wasn't making a rhyme. Sorted out all the faces Pasted them in their places And was happy to get off the dime.

They call this hobby Philately It's a great way to dillidately If you've time on your hand It sure beats the band Of hiking through Death Valley.

George Hunter







LONG LIVE THE MONARCH! Antoine Vassallo As this issue was being finalized for printing, the sad news arrived of the demise of Queen Elizabeth II. Most stampcollectors – even if nonmonarchists – will have her image in their collection. We actually intend to include in a further Newsletter a survey of the range of issues in which she appeared over these decades – not excluding Malta! British royalty has various philatelic connections, not least the Royal Collection which we have previously mentioned and which we intend again

featuring. But QE2 will probably remain associated with the hundreds of Machins!

As yet, we do not have any idea of King Charles III's intentions regarding definitives; in any case, his reign will be shorter – but hopefully positive.



U.S. STAMP CONTROVERSY X3+1



#1 Many artists objected in 1934

to the way James McNeill Whistler's famous 1873 painting was cropped to fit the horizontal stamp format. Others complained about the vase of flowers that had been added to a corner - possibly an early example of "product placement" for Mother's Day, which the stamp was meant to honour. In a telegram to the postmaster general, the American Artists Professional League charged that the stamp represented a "mutilation of the artist's original picture, thereby robbing it of much of its charm." The director of New York's Museum of Modern Art, which had recently borrowed the painting (officially titled *Arrangement in Grey and Black, No. 1*) from the Louvre, said that if Whistler "were alive today he would be enraged."

#2 Many Southerners were outraged by this 1937 stamp featuring three Northern generals (William Sherman, Ulysses





Grant, and Philip Sheridan). In particular, the first was still despised for his harsh tactics and his famously destructive 1864 "March to the Sea". Some state legislatures objected strongly. The postal department attempted to

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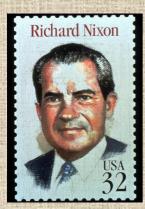
mollify critics by assuring them that a "Southern" stamp was coming within a few weeks.



#3 Although postal authorities

hoped this stamp honouring Confederate generals Robert Lee and Thomas Jackson would placate Southerners, it proved controversial in its own right. Unfortunately Lee's portrait showed just two stars on his collar, even though he was a three-star general; thus it could appear that he had been demoted! The post office claimed that either the stamp had been based on an older photo or that the third star was hidden by his collar. I know that this design is sometimes considered as an example of a design error.

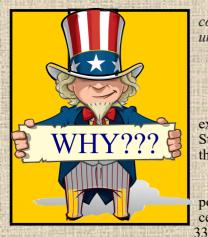
#4 To conclude with a much more recent controversy, I offer this 1995 commemoration of Richard Nixon. This US President had resigned in



disgrace in 1974, threatened with impeachment. But the tradition was kept of honouring former presidents after death with a stamp. It was predictably unpopular - and the butt of endless jokes! Sales picked up a bit, however, when a clever entrepreneur issued an envelope that made it look as if this controversial personality were behind bars.



Answer to page 4 riddle: A STAMP



continuing a new series that tries to clear up uncertainties

Why is the Yellow Hat stamp so rare?

The Yellow Hat stamp shouldn't even exist! The Scott Specialized Catalogue of U.S. Stamps states that "there is no evidence that these stamps were ever officially issued."

In 1997, the U.S. Postal Service proposed raising the First Class postage rate by a

cent (from 32 to 33 cents). In

preparation for this increase which would go into effect on 10 January 1999, it released Uncle Sam's Hat non-denominated "H" stamps in advance – in a variety of perforations which can be easily acquired. The U.S.P.S. also requested a similar increase in the postcard rate which was refused by the Postal Rate Commission, whose responsibility it is to set postage rates. In this case too, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing had



already printed the Yellow Hat "H" postcard-rate stamps and sent them to post offices. However, not being needed, they were never officially issued – and were supposed to be destroyed. Still, at least a couple of post offices sold some and a few are known used on cover.

Why "H"?

From 1978, when postal rate increases were requested, the USPS began preparing stamps bearing letters representing each as-yet unknown rate. These non-denominated stamps would be used until stamps with the decided rate could be issued. The practice was initiated with an "A" and continued down the alphabet.



GPS NEWS LETTER NO 86-2/2022

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On arriving at E, an Earth design was used – followed by "F" (Flower) and "G" (Old Glory, the American flag). "H" showed a patriotic Uncle Sam's Hat. It began by using letters A, B, C, and D, along with the USPS eagle.

Then the postal folks got clever. The "E" stamp featured Earth, "F" a Flower, and "G" the American flag ("Old Glory"). The years 1998 and 1999 brought the patriotic "H" stamps, showing Uncle Sam's hat on a white background.



The "H" Stamps were the last of the lettered stamps, eliminated by the "Forever" stamps which are accepted for whatever the postage rate is at the time of usage.





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