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IL-PULIZIJA

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KOPERTINA:

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IT-TNAX TA’ LULJU 1814 TWAQQIF TAL-KORP TAL-PULIZIJA F’MALTA

minn EDWARD ATTARD

Għalkemm f’Malta, fl-imghoddxi, minn dejjem kien hawn xi taq-sima ta’ l-amministrazzjoni tal-Gżejjjer Maltin li kellhom id-dmir li jħarsu ż-zamma ta’ l-ordni u d-dixxiplina fil-pajjiż, sahansira minn zmien l-Għarab (870 W.K.) meta dan ix-xogħol kien f’idej s-sahib el-xutra, iżda huwa fit-12 ta’ Lulju 1814 li ġie stabbilit il-Korp tal-Pulizija kif nafuh illum.

Kif ha t-tregija tal-Gżejjjer Maltin, Sir Thomas Maitland, Gvernatur ta’ Malta bejn l-1813 u l-1824, huwa sab li f’Malta kien hawn taħlita shiħa ta’ korpi jew taqsimi tal-pulizija li kellhom gurisdizzjonijiet differenti li kienu jwasslu għal ħafna kwistionijiet bejn taqṣima u oħra. Ghaldaqstant il-Gvernatur Maitland bi Proklama XXII tal-1814 ordna li mit-12 ta’ Lulju 1814, is-setgħat li sa dak iż-żmien kellhom dawk kolha li kellhom x’jaqsmu ma’ l-amministrazzjoni tal-Ġustizzja li kienu: il-pulizija mwaqqfa ftit taż-żmien qabel minħabba l-pesta; il-Castellano jew President tal-Ġustizzja; il-Capitano di Verga jew il-hakem tal-belt; il-Imħallef tal-Qorti Kriminali; il-Magistrati tal-Pulizija u l-Avukati fiskali ta’ Malta u ta’ Ĝħawdex; dawn il-karigi kellhom jiġiċċaw darba għal dejjem u l-istess ġara għall-Qorti tal-Magistrati tal-Pulizija mwaqqfa dak iż-żmien.

B’effett mill-istess data, 12 ta’ Lulju 1814, il-Gvernatur Maitland ordna li l-Pulizija ta’ Malta għandha tkun f’żewġ dipartimenti distinti – wieħed ta’ Pulizija Esekuttiva u l-ieħor Gudizjarju. Il-kmandant tal-Pulizija kelli jkun l-Ispettur Generali tal-Pulizija (illum magħruf bħala Kummissarju) u il-kapijiet tat-taqṣima għudżiżjarja

saru l-magistrati ta’ Malta u Ĝħawdex.

F’indirizz lill-Imħalfin, konsli u awtoritajiet legali oħra fit-2 ta’ Jannar 1815, fl-okkażjoni tal-ftuh ta’ l-ewwel perjodu tal-Qrati, il-Gvernatur Maitland, għal darb oħra għamel enfasi li f’Malta kelli jkun hawn distinzjoni bejn dawk li jagħmlu l-liggiżiet; dawk li kellhom id-dmir jaraw li ma jinkisrux il-liggiżiet u dawk li jiġiġidikaw lil min jikser il-liggiżiet.

Mhux l-ghan tiegħi li f’dan l-artikolu nittratta r-riformi legali iżda se nsemmi biss il-poteri li ingħataw lill-pulizija biex tarresta persuni ħatja ta’ xi offiża kontra l-paċċi pubblika jew ir-Regolamenti tal-pulizija ta’ dak iż-żmien u li meta jkun possibbli, tressaq lil dawk arrestati mill-aktar fis quddiem il-qorti u f’ebda każ, iż-żmien ta’ arrest, ma għandu jkun ta’ aktar minn jumejn. Il-pulizija kellha wkoll tiġiż ix-xhied kollha meħtiega dwar il-każ meta dan ikun se jiġi trattat mill-Magistrat. Dan il-pulizija baqghet tagħħmlu sal-lum.

Kmandanti tal-Korp

Mill-1814 sal-lum, il-Korp tal-Pulizija kelli sitta u għoxrin kmandant taħt diversi ismijiet ta’ ħatra. L-ewwel kmandant, bl-isem ta’ Spettur Generali tal-Pulizija, kien il-Konti, Kurunell Francis Rivarola, Korsikan, li kelli karriera sabiha fil-militar u li wara li spicċa minn kmandant tal-Korp, f’Novembru 1822 huwa kompla jservi fil-militar bħala kmandant tar-Regiment tar-Royal Malta Fencibles u wara spicċa bħala Gvernatur ta’ Zanti.³

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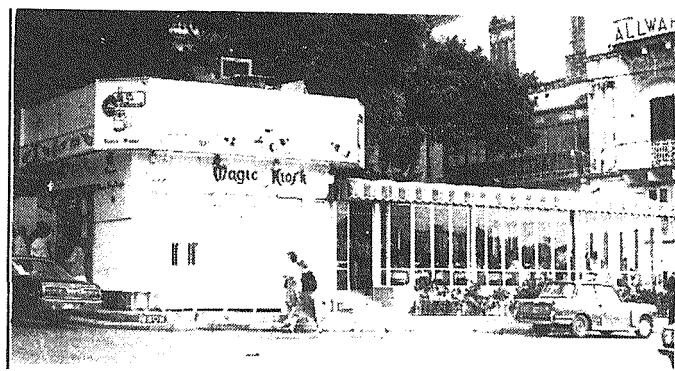
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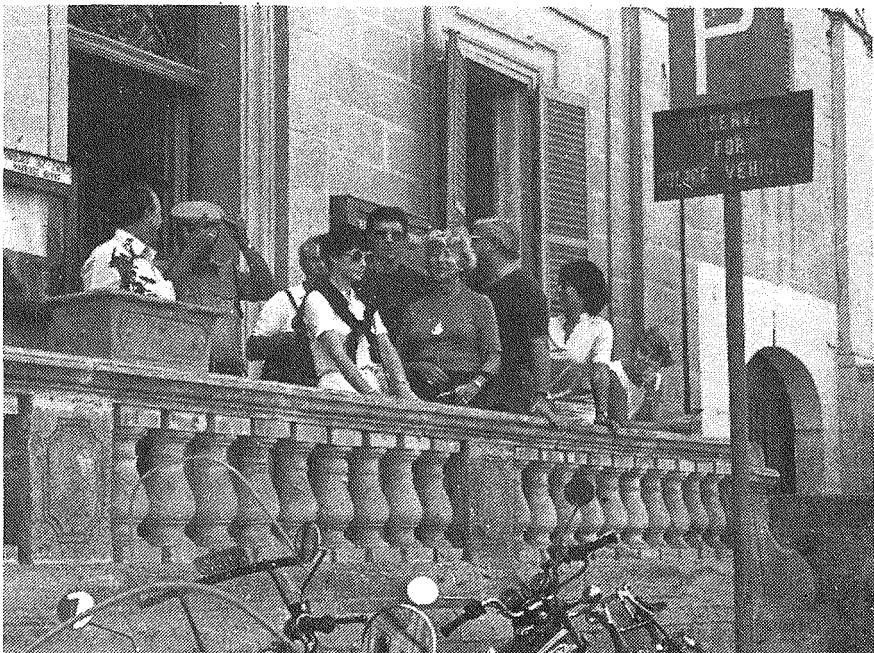


ARTIKLU F'MAGAZINE ĠERMANIŻ DWAR MALTA

Grupp ta' membri tal-Pulizija flimkien man-nisa tagħhom minn Coln, il-Ġermanja, qattgħu btala f' Malta, f'Awissu 1981 u żgħar u l-Kwartieri Ġenerali tal-Pulizija kif ukoll l-Ġħassha tal-Pulizija ta' Victoria, Ghawdex, flimkien ma' postijiet oħra storiċi u ta' interess.

Originarjament, il-btala tagħhom kellha tkun fl-Eğġit, iżda ftit żmien qabel kellha tibda l-mawra tagħhom hemmhekk, kien hemm il-qil tal-President Sadat u għaldaqstant iddecidew li jiġu Malta, post li kienu qatt ma raw. F'artiklu f'magazin tal-Pulizija ġermaniż, huma taw dettalji dwar il-mawra tagħhom f' Malta u wżaw kliem ta' tifħir dwar Malta.

Il-Ġermaniżi quddiem il-bieb ta' l-Ġħassha tal-Pulizija ta' Victoria, Ghawdex. ►



Mutual Help Association

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ex-Sergeant Nru. 9
Anthony Pace



ex-Kentistabbli Nru. 76
Joseph Grixti



ex-Kentistabbli Nru. 378
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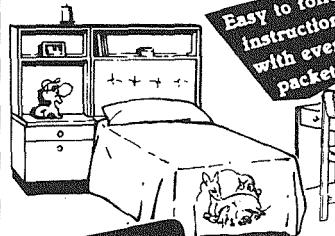
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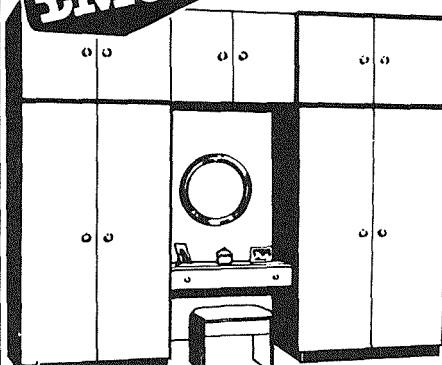
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Do We Need To Revise Our Concept Of Crime Control?

by Dr. Paul Cassar M.D., D.P.M. F.R.Hist.S. (Lond.)

Delinquency is but one aspect of the wide range of human behaviour; hence so long as the springs and vagaries of human behaviour remain obscure and, sometimes, unexplainable, it is inevitable that doubts and questions will arise as to the effectiveness of our management of the law breaker.

This paper deals very briefly with the musings on this topic that have engaged the mind of a psychiatrist during his thirty-years of professional experience in our law courts and of his studies of the international literature on the subject.

Juvenile Delinquency

Some psychologists tend to see in the juvenile wrongdoer a sick person and not a naughty or wicked individual. Others view him as an emotionally immature person. Consequently the former advocate psychiatric treatment while the latter emphasise an approach of understanding and love to help him to attain the necessary maturity and stability of character. There is no doubt that there are psychologically sick and immature persons among juvenile lawbreakers but there are also normal individuals who are simply anti-social and who need a different kind of management from the sick and immature person. What is of paramount importance is to follow up all juveniles who fall foul of the law for the first time at adolescence because crime at this age may be indicative of a blossoming psychopathic personality with its repetitive clashes with the law and its persistent unresponsiveness to conventional punitive and other remedial measures.

Social Causes of Crime

Some social reformers ascribe crime to poverty; but others contend that when there was more poverty, when people were less well housed and not so well fed one heard less of the occurrence of crimes than to-day. They,

therefore, seek the causes of crime elsewhere such as the family milieu (parental lack of discipline, husband-wife discord, mishandling of the child, bad examples from family) or the social environment (unemployment, slums, bars, friends.) This view tends to exonerate the individual from guilt and sees crime as a protest against parental authority or against retrograde social thinking and an unjust economic order. But how far is crime actually a manifestation of these factors, if at all?

Attitude of the Public Towards Crime

The public shows a morbid curiosity about crime. The press tends to heighten this curiosity and in fact there are, in some countries, magazines that are devoted exclusively to crime reading and reporting. T.V. also shows many films with crime as their themes. These media tend to stimulate delinquency by teaching potential criminals how to commit offences and how to evade detection. They also tend to enhance the image of the criminal as an interesting and clever person boosting his self-importance and self-pride.

When a suspect is brought to court the public's attitude may be one of leniency once the initial shock of the crime imputed to him has subsided. In fact the public is inclined to show more concern over the accused's restriction of liberty while he is awaiting trial than over the plight of the bereaved family and the burden of the damages suffered by the wronged person.

Imprisonment

The motive behind imprisonment is the protection of society and the reformation of the offender and not merely the infliction of punishment. It is an effort to reintegrate him into the social structure once he leaves prison by providing educational facilities and vocational training during

his detention. Some people deny the effectiveness of imprisonment in reaching these aims. On the contrary they maintain that imprisonment far from combating criminality tends to foster it by facilitating contacts among criminals hitherto unacquainted with one another. They, therefore, suggest replacing imprisonment by the infliction of heavy fines and making good the damages caused to the victim. Others hold that prison life is not uncomfortable enough to form a deterrent to the offender and they ask:- "Aren't we too tolerant with the wrong doer? Is this tolerance born of sentimentalism? or of a sense of ignorance on our part because we have been unable to devise a better system than imprisonment? or of weakness and of fear because we do not want to antagonise the offender lest he will hit back when he is free again?"

The Jury System

Are we justified in retaining the jury system? Is not a jury system an indication of distrust and lack of confidence in the judiciary? Is a lay jury more competent than the judge to assess the facts of the case especially where technical points of a medical, psychiatric and ballistic nature are involved? Is a jury objective enough in reaching a verdict and isn't it prone to be swayed by the emotional appeals of the prosecution or of the defence? Is the jury immune from the influence of rumours, comments and stories in the press and of political prejudice or preconceived opinions?

The Study of the Personality of the Offender

The study of the personality of the offender before sentence is delivered is a point worth pursuing for it is useless to expect an offender to reform if he is subject to an intellectual defect or if he suffers from a psychopathic per-

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Jekk wieħed jirnexxilu jneħħi ħajtu b'idejh, iġħidu li kien mignun, li marritlu żmerċ xi rota minn mohhu. Jekk ma jirnexx-ilux kawzi jgħoddju bi kriminali, ghax tnejħi ħajtek l-istess bħal tnejħi ħajjet ħaddieħor. Jibqa l-fatt li min jikkontempla suwiċidju, għandux dritt moralment jiddisponi minn ħajtu, jew le, skond il-kuxjenza libera tiegħu.

Mill banda l-oħra, jekk il-ħajja giet mogħtija lilu minn Alla, għandux dritt inheħhi, jew jid-disponi minn dak li mhux tiegħu.

Il-Codex Juris Canonici, kan. 965, V (Vat. 1931) jagħmluha ċara li "min jagħmel īxsara lill ħajtu, jew lil ħaddieħor," ma jistgħux jagħituhom is-sagamenti, u anqas ma jistgħu jindifnu f'lok sagru (Kan. 1240).

X'iġieghel lil wieħed biex jasal joqtol ruħu b'idejh? Il-ħajja ta' kuljum hi hekk mgħobbija b'dif-fikultajiet li kull wieħed minnha żguri li xi darba f'hajjitna konna ġarrabna, jew għadda minn għalina xi gwaj, li seta baqalna ferita f'qalbna, li għalkemm wara żmien tkun qisha għalqet, donnu li meta jigi r-riħ tagħha, terga tinhass mhux ftit.

Fl-istorja tad-din ja għandna tliet każijiet ta' suwiċidji li baqqħu jissemmew u mfakkra: dak ta' Kleopatra tal-Ēgħittu, li ipreferit tnejħi ħajjitha b'idejha bil-gidma tas-serp velenuz, milli jeħduha bħala "għelm tar-rebħa" lejn Ruma. It-tieni dik ta' Sokrate, li mgieġġel jixrob il-velenu, għalkemm kontra l-volontà tiegħu, neħħha ħajtu b'idejh, b'telfa kbira għad-dinja. It-tielet dak ta' Goering, il-ministru tal-Ġermanja taħbi Hitler, li waqt il-ġuri ta' Nuremberg, ha doża ta' ferri cyanide, u wara żewġ minuti mar għand Alla.

Fl-istorja ta' Malta u Ghawdex, is-suwiċidji li baqqħu jissemmew mhumiex wisq, għaliex quddiem il-ligi tagħna dawn huma konsiderati bħala kriminali irresponsabbli. B'dankollu għandna każijiet li għamlu leħen fi żmienhom.

L-aqwa wieħed li hu mfakkar hu dak ta' Bernardo, fi żmien l-assedju ta' Ghawdex mit-Torok fis-sena 1551. Dan l-eroj bixx ma jħallix li wliedu l-bniet jaqgħu taħbi idejn il-Miśilmin, qatilhom waħda waħda, u fl-akħjar neħħa ħajtu b'idejh ukoll. Att bħal dan nghidulu erojku, iżda hu kellu dritt imur kontra l-volontà ta' wliedu li jnejħi ħajjithom?

Il-każijiet tas-suwiċidju f'dawn il-ġejjer tagħna huma varjati kemm kif gew imwettqa, u sew min kien għamilhom. Hemm każijiet ta' tgħallieq fid-dar bil-moħbi, jew f'għalqa ma' sigra, jew għarqa f'bir jew ġibja; bix-xorb tal-ispru tal-melħ, jew velenu iefor; b'arma tan-nar, jew qtugħi tal-geržuma; iżda l-aktar li kienu popolari u komuni huma dawk li jintegħi minn fuq il-Lift tal-Barrakka ta' fuq, jew minn fuq is-swar ta' hdejn il-Barrakka t'-isfel għal Barrieria, ix-xatt tal-Belt, fejn aħna tal-belt ngħidulu hdejn Wills.

Jissemma l-każ tal-Isqof ta' Malta Fra Baldassare Cagliares (1614 – 1633) li fl-akħjar ta' ħajtu kien tant marid, li tilef il-boxxla, u waqt li kien sejjer passiggata fit-triq tal-Buskett f'mument hażin li għadda minnu, fettillu jaqbeż gewwa bir.

Il-każijiet tas-suwiċidji li huma rekordjati u dokumentati huma dawk ta' żmien l-Ingleżi, minn meta l-Gvernatur Sir Thomas Maitland kien għamel l-aqwa reforma li kienet tinhieg Malta. Irriforma s-sistema tal-Qrati, għamel il-Korp tal-Pulizija, u dak kollu li kienet tinhieg Malta biex tnejħi minn fuqha l-ghabra taż-żmien u l-ghanqbut fuqhiex kienet ilha mibniya.

B'riħet hekk għandna dokumentazzjoni gdida f'kull qasam tal-ħajja.

L-ewwel każijiet registrati niltaqħu magħħom fis-sena 1814. In-nobblu Francesco Parisio-Muscati, kavalier ta' l-Ordni ta' San Ģwann, kien tħalli ferħ ta' għenn nhar it-12 ta' Jan-nar 1814, u qabeż fil-ġibja tad-

dar tiegħu, Palazzo Parisio, fi Triq il-Merkanti, fejn illum hemm il-Foreign Office ta' Malta. Kellu 41 sena, u fi żmien l-imblokk tal-Franċiżi (1798 – 1800) kien wieħed mill-partiġjani. Meta miet il-Kanoniku F. Saverio Caruana, li minn għaliex kien jikkmand dawn il-ġejjer, caħad li dan jindifien fil-knisja ta' San Ģwann, tal-kavalieri, kif kienet id-drawwa, u minflok difnuh fiċċimiteρ tal-Furjana, fejn hemm il-parroċċa tal-lum.

Fix-xahar ta' Lulju tal-istess sena, Dun Onorato Casha, kap-pillan tal-kavalieri, kien qabeż gewwa l-ġibja tal-isptar (Sakra Infermerija) u għereq. Imħabba l-femiet tiegħu politici, l-istess, ma difnuhx fil-kennirja ta' San Ģwann, imma fil-Furjana.

Mħux possibbi li nġibu l-każijiet kollha kemm għaliex il-lista hi twila wisq, u sew għaliex l-ispażju fi *Il-Pulizija* ma jippermettilnix. Iżda sejrin insemmu żewġ każijiet oħra kurjuži, li fi żmienhom kienu qanqlu għagħha kbira fost il-poplu.

Nhar il-15 ta' Gunju 1868, il-perit Giuseppe Grech, kien ħareg mid-dar tiegħu u mar in-Naxxar. Meta wasal fir-rahal baqa' sejjer lejn l-iskola tal-bniet, u x'xin wasal staqsa biex ikellem lissinjora, is-sinjorina Virginia Magri. Il-purtinara tal-iskola qaltru li ma kienitx tista' tgħid lissinjora li kien hemm minn staqsa għaliha, għax kien projbit. Iżda hu insista mhux ftit u qallilha li kellu premura li jwassallha tagħrif. Għalhekk il-purtinara marret tgħidilha, u ftit wara giet is-sinjora b'sitt itfal magħha. Kif resqet lejh qallilha jekk kieneitx biddlet il-fehma dwaru, billi kienet irrifjutatu li tieħdu b'għar. Hi wiegbet minnufieħ li ma xtaqitx li tieħu l-istat tagħha. Il-perit, disappuntat, dlonk ħareg pistola minn butu u sparalha, la-qatha f'wiċċha, u għamillha ferita hafifa, u wara dawwar il-kanna lejh u spara għaliex innifsu, u waqa' mejjet quddiemha.

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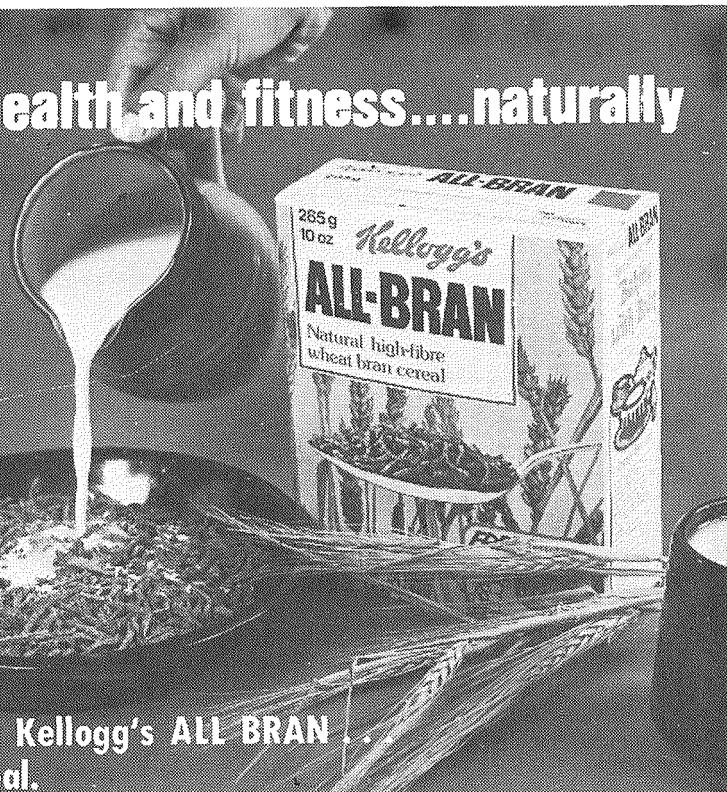
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L-aqwa storja ta' suwiċidju li kien baqa' misterjuż ffitż żmien, u li kien wassal bniedem innocent fuq il-forka, hu l-każ tal-kappillan ta' H'Attard.

Mela, darba wara nofsinhar, hu u nizel l-Isqof Vincenzo Labini mill-Imdina bil-kaless u l-parilja, fi triqtu lejn il-Belt, x'hin wasal fl-inħawi tat-triq, nitfa' i bogħid mil-parroċċa, lemañ lil-kappillan tar-rahal flimkien ma xi bdiewa jitgħażżu u jitkellmu bil-qeqħda għad-dell. Waqqaf il-kaless, u sejjah lil-kappillan hdejh. Kif resaq, Dun Delicata, wara li baxxa u sellem b'rasu lill-Isqof, Labini beda jgħajru u gigħelu jmur lura lejn il-knisja, għax hemm kien postu, u mhux jgħaddi z-żmien band'ohra. Għal dan il-kliem, il-kappillan kollu misthi u miksur, telaq lejn il-knisja. Dahal gewwa s-sagristija, u minn kaxxarizz, jew armarju, ha l-muftieħ tal-ġnien li kellu sew sew biswit il-knisja. Mar lejn il-ġnien, fetħ u daħħal, mar lejn il-bir li hemm fir-rokna, qabaq il-habel u ddendel miegħu, wara li tala fuq il-herża tal-bir.

Filghaxxija, meta sar il-ħin biex jingħad ir-rużarju u l-kappillan jagħti l-barka, bħal ma kien soltu il-kappillan ma deherx. Fittxewh kullimkien u ma nstabx. Is-sagristan mar jiġri lejn il-ġnien, biex jara jekk il-kappillan ghall li jista jkun, kienx rieqgħed hemm, u x'hin daħħal, isibu mdendel mejjet, u jitbandal ħada l-bir. Is-sagristan iġġġen: u gieħ skruplu li jmur iġħid x'kien sab, u minflok fetħ u l-ġħatru tal-bir, qata' l-ħabla li magħha kien mgħallaq il-kappillan, u erħi lu ja-qa' fil-bir. U rega' għatta l-bokka, u telaq inkiss inkiss lejn il-knisja, mingħajr ma qal xejn b'dak li kien ra u sab.

Il-kappillan baqa' ma nstabx, iżda wara xi jumejn uħud qalu li kien raw lis-sagristan dieħel bil-moħbi fil-ġnien tal-kappillan, u wara ffit kien rawh ukoll hiereg inkiss inkiss, donnu mitluf minn sensieħ. Għaldaqshekk għamlu tiftxixa fil-ġnien u sabu lil-kappillan mejjet fil-bir. Arrestaw lis-sagristan u akkużawħi bil-qtil tal-kappillan. Wara li nstemgħet il-kawża, għax ma kienx għad hemm il-guri, qatgħu hilu għall-mewt, u dendluu fl-inħawi tal-knisja tal-Mirakli lejn Hal Lija.

Il-kappillan difnu fil-ġnien fuq in-naħha tax-xellug fil-

CRIME CONTROL

sonality. It is of extreme importance to spot these two morbid conditions as their existence is of more significance than the offence itself in deciding the choice of sentence that best fits the offender, i.e. whether probation or imprisonment or psychiatric care.

An Institute of Forensic Medicine

At a meeting of the International Academy of Legal Medicine and Social Medicine, held in Malta in 1974, I stated that forensic medicine "is continually expanding its boundaries and that its offshoots are for ever outgrowing their parent. For this reason the organisation of the teaching and, more particularly, the practice of forensic medicine deserve to be (a) established as a department or institute in its own right, administratively separate from, and independent of, any other medical service; (b) provided with the means and facilities for the collection of medico-legal material to further enlarge the practical instruction of students and graduates and widen the scope and depth of our quest for knowledge; and (c) furnished with adequate staff, who being trained in various ancillary scientific disciplines, can speak with authority on their particular fields of specialisation". Those remarks still hold good to-day; indeed they have become even more cogent in view of the fact that more sophisticated means are now being used by delin-

quents in the commission of crime.

A Conference on Criminal Science

It is evident from the variety of the issues raised in this paper that their study requires the collaboration of men and women engaged in various but linked fields of criminology — lawyers and judges, pathologists and psychiatrists, laboratory personnel and other technicians, social welfare and probation officers, police officers and prison administrators. I, therefore, strongly emphasise the need for a conference, to be organised under the auspices of the Minister for Justice, to bring together all those engaged in the investigation and management of criminal behaviour to enable us to identify and study any deficits and gaps in our system of crime control; to obtain, as clearly as possible, an understanding of the mental processes of the offender; and to suggest the necessary remedial measures for the better control of delinquent conduct.

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kappellun, u lis-sagristan difnu f'ħofra li kienu jħaffru ħada fejn tkun saret il-forka.

Għadha z-żmien u nkix fet-l-istorja kollha. Iżda s-sagristan miskin kien qatlu għal-ġħadha, ta' jeħi, ingustament.

Hu x'inhu, il-mottiv biex dawn l-imsejkna kienu waslu f'din l-estrimità, jista' jkun li kien l-inkwiet, li jgħix miegħek, jor-qghod miegħek, u jqum qablek.

Kien hemm min neħha hajtu għaxx kello disappuntament fl-imħabba; kien hemm min halla l-iskrupli jirkbu, filwaqt li wħud wettqu biċċa bħal din għall-gost, qisha ħaġa tal-logħob. Fi żmien-na hawn uħud li qed jagħmlu suwiċidju biex il-fehmiet politiċi

li għandhom ikollhom widen, jaħasra, u jneħħu ħajnejhom b'idejhom billi jsumu sakemm jintemmu u jmutu.

Meta jiġru kaži bħal dawn li semmejna, ix-xogħol kollu għall-pulizija. L-ewwel iridu jiddejifikaw min hu l-katavru; ifittxu biex isibu x'kien il-mottiv li wassal għad-daq-deċiżjoni li wieħed inneħħi hajtu b'idej; jinvestigaw lill-qraħba u ħbieb tal-mejjet; jit-trasferixxu l-katavru lejn il-kamra tal-mejjtin tal-isptar għall-awtapsja, u jagħmlu inkjesta bil-magistrat.

Mument hażin li jista' jgħaddi minnu kulhadd, Alla ġares qatt.

***minn pagna 1**

Wara Rivarola, ha t-tregija tal-Korp il-Logotenent Kurunell Henry Balaneaves, b'kariga ta' Deputat Spettur Generali. Ta' min isemmi li kemm Rivarola u Balaneaves għamlu wkoll xi żmien f'kariga temporanja ta' Logotenent Gvernatur fl-assenza ta' dan ta' l-ahħar minn Malta.⁴ Ftit wara li temm il-kariga tiegħu bħala kmandant tal-Korp tal-Pulizija, fl-1833 Balaneaves gie maħtut *Town Major* ta' Malta.⁵

Wara l-ewwel żewġ kmandanti militari, l-Korp tal-Pulizija għad-dha taħt it-tmexxija ta' l-ewwel ufficjal civili,⁶ Charles Godfrey li nhatar kmandant tal-Korp fl-ewwel ta' Jannar 1832 taħt kariga ta' Magistrat tal-Pulizija Esekuttiva. Din il-kariga dbiddlet għal dik ta' Spettur tal-Pulizija b'effett mit-12 ta' April 1839.⁷ Charles Godfrey miet f'Novembru 1844 meta kien għadu jokkupa l-kariga ta' kmandant tal-Korp tal-Pulizija għalkemm xogħol kien digħi qed jagħmlu dak li ha t-tregija tal-Korp warajh.

Fl-1844 gie maħtut Frederick Sedley bħala kmandant tal-Korp, li, kif digħi issema', kien għamel xi żmien agent Spettur tal-Pulizija. Minn wara Sedley, fl-1858 sa' l-1915 il-Korp tal-Pulizija għadda taħt it-tregija ta' seba' kmandanti oħra taħt l-isem ta' Superintendent tal-Pulizija u fl-1915, is-Sur Claude Woodruff Duncan inħatar Kummissarju tal-Pulizija, l-isem tal-kariga li għadu magħruf biha il-kmandant tal-Korp tal-Pulizija. (Beda jissejja Kummissarju fl-1918).

Ta' min isemmi wkoll li f'Għawdex, fl-1838, spicċa l-post ta' Logotenent Gvernatur u Kmandant Militari ta' Ghawdex u Kemmuna u b'effett mil-31 ta' Marzu 1838, il-Maggur C.A. Bayley, CMG li sa' dak iż-żmien kellu l-kariga hawn fuq imsemija, inħatar bħala Spettur tal-Pulizija Esekuttiva għal-Ġħawdex.⁸ Bayley miet il-Marfa



FRANCIS RIVAROLA – L-ewwel Kmandant tal-Korp tal-Pulizija.

f'Awissu 1852 u ġie midfun fil-fortizza Chambret, Ghawdex.⁹

Fl-ewwel żminijiet tiegħu (1842) il-Korp tal-Pulizija kien jikkonsisti fi Kmandant u Spettur ghall-Ġħawdex, għaxar Ajjutanti u żewġ Sotto-Ajjutanti, erba' Surgenti Magħġuri, tieta u tletin Surgent u mijha u disa' u ħamsin Kuntistabbi.¹⁰ Is-salarju ta' Kuntistabbi kien ta' £20 fis-sena filwaqt li s-salarju tal-Kmandant tal-Korp kien ta' £450 fis-sena. Kien hawn ukoll madwar 45 ġħażżeen tal-Pulizija f'Malta u Ghawdex.

Biex inkompli b'aktar tagħrif dwar il-kariga tal-Kmandant tal-Korp tal-Pulizija insemmi wkoll

li fi Frar 1917 f'rapport dwar organizazzjoni tal-Korp tal-Pulizija, s-Supintendent C. Duncan issuġerixxa li l-kariga ta' kmandant tal-Korp għandha tisseqja Spettur Generali biex din tkun bħal dik ta' korpi ta' Pulizija oħra fil-kolonji Inglizi.¹¹ Izda jidher li fitit ingħata każ ta' dan is-suġġeriment għaliex b'effett mill-11 ta' Jannar 1918 il-kmandant tal-Korp beda jisejjah Kummissarju tal-Pulizija.¹²

Fir-rapport dwar riorganizzazzjoni tal-Korp tal-Pulizija tal-Kummissarju Duncan aktar il fuq imsemmi, huwa ssuġerixxa wkoll li l-Pulizija jkollha l-kwartieri tagħha fejn

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M A L T A P O L I C E.

Police Order No. 150

by

The Police Commissioners, Commanding.

VALLETTA, 16th SEPTEMBER, 1930.

1. APPOINTMENT.

Lt.-Colonel, G. G. S. Brander, O.B.E., to be a Commissioner of Police (Government Notice No. 306/30).

jigu magħlma r-rekluti qabel johorġu għax-xogħol barra. Kif se naraw il-quddiem sa l-1919 il-Pulizija ma kelliex dawn il-kwartieri, iżda biss xi uffiċini fil-belt Valletta. Bhala post għal *Depot*, Duncan issuġerixxa l-*Old Laboratory Barracks* f'Marsamxett jew il-Palazz ta' l-Inkwizituru fil-Birgu li dak iż-żmien kien vojt.¹³ Kien ukoll il-Kummissarju Duncan li rriorganizza it-Taqsima ta' l-Investigazzjonijiet Kriminali fl-1917 li kienet tisnejja jaħi *Detective Office*.¹⁴

Wara Duncan lahaq il-Kurunell Henry William Bamford O.B.E., li hu magħruf għall-bosta riformi li għamel fil-Korp u li kien ferm maħbbu mill-membri tal-Korp. Interessanti wieħed isemmi li l-Kurunell Bamford qatt ma libes uniformi ta' Pulizija, iżda baqa' bl-uniformi militari li kelle.

Hawn ta' min isemmi li kien hemm perjodu fejn il-Korp kellu żewġ Kummissarji tal-Pulizija, jamministrax it-tnejn flimkien u mhux wieħed fl-assenza ta' l-ieħor. Dan kien fl-1930 fi żmien il-Kummissarju S. Galea li miegħu kellu lil Logotenent Kurunell Gustav Brander, O.B.E., li dam iservi fil-kariga ta' Kummissarju bejn Settembru 1930 u Ġunju 1932.¹⁵ Matul dan iż-żmien l-ordnijiet lill-Pulizija kien joħorġu minn *The Police Commissioners, Commanding*. X'kienet ir-raġuni ta' dan għad trid tinkiteb meta xi darba tigi ppubblikata l-istorja tal-korp.

Hemm aktar tagħrif dwar il-kmandanti tal-Korp tal-Pulizija ta' dawn l-ahħar 168 sena, iżda semmejt xi wħud minnhom biss minħabba spazju u għaldaqstant għażiż dawk li għandhom xi rabba partikolari ma' certi riformi fil-Korp.

Kwartieri Generali tal-Pulizija

Kif digħà ghid fil-bidu tagħha, l-Pulizija ma kelliex dawk il-Kwartieri kif na fuhom illum u kellha biss xi uffiċini fil-belt Valletta msejjha *Office of the Inspector General, Police Office*, jew *Central Police Office*.

L-ewwel *Police Office* kien fil-Palazz tal-Gvernatur, il-Belt Valletta, li l-entratura għal dan l-uffiċċju kienet minn Triq l-Arcisqof. F'dawn l-uffiċċini kien hemm il-kmandant tal-Korp u xi assistenti tiegħu flimkien ma xi skrivani (mhux pulizija). F'Mejju 1872 l-uffiċċju tal-kmandant tal-Korp gie trasferit għal Nru. 152, Strada Stretta, li kien jiġi taħt il-qorti l-antik.¹⁶ Fl-1917 dan il-post beda jisnejja jaħi *Commissioner's Office*.



Il-Kummissarju Bamford – magħruf għal bosta riformi fil-Korp tal-Pulizija.

sioner's Office.

Fl-1 ta' Diċembru 1919 il-Pulizija okkupat l-ewwel Kwartieri tagħha fis-Sacra Infermerija, illum Dar il-Mediterran Ghall-Konferenzi u li qabel daħlet hemm il-Pulizija kien jintuża bħal sptar militari.¹⁷

Konsegwenza tal-gwerra (1939–45) il-Kwartieri Generali tal-Pulizija kellhom jiġu trasferiti għall-Fleur de Lys, fl-Istitut Vincenzo Bugeja u kien ukoll imsejjha *Police War Headquarters*.

Mill-15 ta' Marzu 1954 il-Pulizija okkupat Kwartieri Generali oħra fil-Furjana fejn għadha hemm sal-lum u fejn qabel daħlet il-pulizija kien iservi ta' Sptar Centrali.

L-ġhan ta' dan l-artiklu ma kienx biss biex wieħed jaġhti xi tagħrif dwar l-Istoria tal-Korp tal-Pulizija, iżda wkoll li wieħed ifakkarr fit-12 ta' Lulju, d-data meta twieled il-Korp, liema data b'dispjaċir wieħed jinnota li qatt ma għiet celebrata bħala *Jum il-Pulizija*.

Referenzi

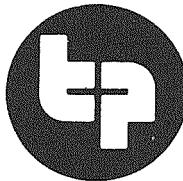
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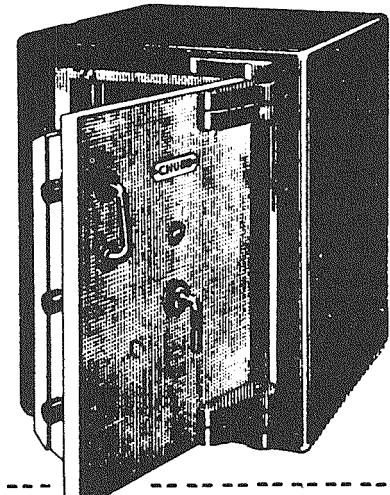
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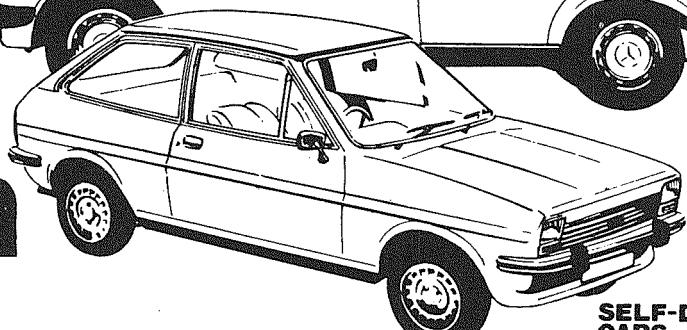
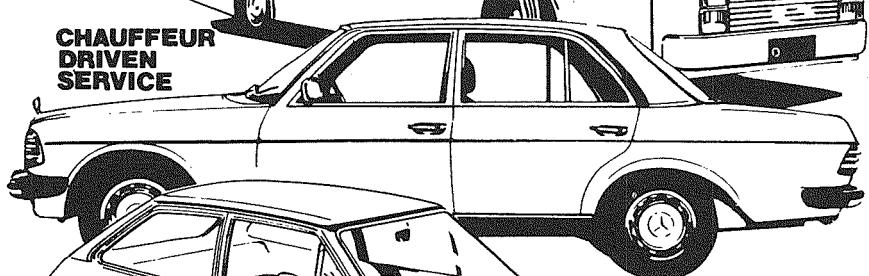
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IL-PROGRESS FIT-TOROQ TAGħNA

minn Alfred Abela (Spettur tat-Traffiku)

X'qed isir fit-toroq ta' Malta u Ghawdex ħalli jonqos il-periklu fis-sewqan? F'dawn l-ahħar snin sar progress enorġi f'dak li hu twessieħ u ftuħ ta' toroq godda, iżda dan kollu mhux dejjem iservi biex inaqqa il-periklu fit-toroq tagħna. Bil-kemm wieħed ma jasalx biex jgħid li t-twessieħ ta' toroq iħajjar lil certi sewwieqa, specjalment dawk zgħażaq, biex isuqu l-vetturi tagħhom b'veloċità eċċessiva biex bħal li kieku jkunu qed juru l-kapaċită tagħhom. B'dana kollu wieħed m'għandu qatt ittelef il-mertu li ħaqqu min qiegħed isebbaħ it-toroq tagħna u fl-istess hin inaqas l-istaġnar tat-traffiku.

Iżda, l-iżjed importanti huwa l-prċogramm li gie ntrodott f'dawn l-ahħar sentejn fejn ingħata bidu għal dawk imsejjha *Traffic Schemes*. Dawn huma skemi li bihom kull belt jew villagġ ta' Malta u Ghawdex jiġi studjat minn sotto-kumitat tal-Bord tal-Kontroll tat-Traffiku u wara dan l-istudju, jsiru dawk il-bzonnijiet, bħal one-ways, *No Stopping* u oħrajin. Dan qed isir bil-ghan li jipprovd postijiet għall-ipparkjar ta' vetturi mingħajr ja minjholoq ingumbrar fit-triq. B'din is-sistema, qed jiġi ffrankat it-telf ta' zmien li kien ikun hemm qabel, meta ħafna nies kienu joggħodu jiktbu u jissuġġerixxu sistemi godda dwar sewqan fit-toroq tal-belt jew raħal tagħhom.

B'hekk ukoll, waqt li jkunu qed isiru xi tabelli godda, jinbidlu jew jinzebghu dawk li jkunu digħi fil-post, kemm-il darba jkun hemri il-bzonn.

Sar progress ukoll f'dik li hija żebgħa ta' l-art. Wieħed illum jinnota illi fejn kull tabella ta' *Stop* li qed titwaħħal, qiegħda tinkiteb biż-żebgħha ma' l-art l-istess kelma. Ta' min isemmi post partikolari, Ta' Xbiex (ħdejn il-Housing Estate) fejn hemm triq li whud mis-sewwieqa ma kienux jafu li hija *two ways* bil-konsegwenza li dawn ma kienux qed isuqu fuq in-naħha taxxellug tat-triq u għalhekk inzebghat linja tul it-triq kollha biex tindika li t-troffiku jiġi miż-żewwg naħħat. Anke dik li hija tip ta' żebgħha – din qed tkun aħjar. Din iż-żebgħha ma' l-art tinkludi

wkoll il-Pedestrian Crossings li qed jinzebghu kollha mill-għid. Dwar dawn il-pedestrian crossings wieħed irid iġ-ġid li faċċi li ta-qbad u tiżbogħ pedestrian crossing ma' l-art, iżda huwa daqshekk ukoll faċċi li minflok tkun qed tgħin biex issalva l-hajja ta' bniedem minn xi incident tat-traffiku waqt li jkun jaqsam it-triq, tkun qed tipperikolalu aktar hajtu. Għaldaqstant, qabel ma tigħi allokata Pedestrian Crossing, isir studju sewwa biex kemm jista' jkun, din ma tkunx f'xi dawra jew kisra jew f'xi post ieħor ta' periklu għal min južha u kultant, ikun aħjar jekk ma ssir xejn milli ssir f'xi post perikoluz.

Bl-iskop li dejjem jonqos il-periklu għal dawk li jaqsmu t-triq, giet ukoll introdotta sistema gdida ta' dwal fejn ħdejn il-Pedestrian Crossings qiegħdin jitwaħħlu arbli ta' tliet pulzieri wisa'. Dawn l-arbli huma mgħammra bi globi ta' pied djametru u ta' kulur amber li matul il-lejl ikun jitffi u jixxgħel sabiex jidbed l-attenzjoni tas-sewwieqa. Taħt dan il-għoblu, hemm fanal li jitfa dawl qawwi għal fuq l-art. B'dan id-dawl, min ikun qed jaqsam it-triq, ikun jidher aktar. Din is-sistema ta' dawl fuq il-pedestrian crossings, giet introdotta dawn l-ahħar xħur u jidher li ntlaqgħet tajjeb. Iżda dan il-progress kollu, kultant jitfarrik minnha b-l-attu ta' v-

tabelli mgħawġin b'vendikazzjoni; oħrajin imdawwrin bil-kontra u b'hekk jifthemu mod ieħor; saret ukoll ħsara fis-sistema 'l-ġidha ta' dawl fuq il-pedestrian crossings li tkellimha fuqha. Kieku kulhadd jifhem sewwa xi tfisser din il-ħsara u x'konsewieni jista' jkollha, kieku żgur li dawn l-atti hekk koroh u bla sugu jinqatgħu darba għal dejjem.

Iżda dan il-progress fit-toroq mhux biżżejjed, is-sewwieq għandu wkoll il-parti tiegħi x'jagħmel. Jekk kull sewwieq li jkun qiegħed isuq vettura, li meta tintuża ħażin, tista' tagħmel ħsara daqs kwalunkw arma, kif ukoll kull bniedem ieħor li jagħmel użu mit-triq, ma josser-vawx ir-Regolamenti tat-Traffiku, dan ix-xogħol kollu li qed isir ma jkun iservi għal xejn. Għal xejn ikunu saru dawk it-tabelli u sistemi godda li għall-pajjiż isarrfu somom kbar ta' flus u ta' piżi fuq il-komunita. Għalhekk kulhadd, b'mod partikolari s-sewwieqa, għandu josserva r-regolamenti tat-traffiku biex dejjem inaqqsu l-inċidenti fit-toroq tagħna. Għandna wkoll ngħinu biex ma jsirx vandaliżmu li l-ħsara tiegħi trid tithallas jew bil-hajja ta' bniedem ieħor jew bil-flus li jkun ġareg il-poplu stess bħala taxxa u għaldaqstant nagħmlu appell lill-pubbliku biex jirrapporta dawn l-atti ta' vandaliżmu.

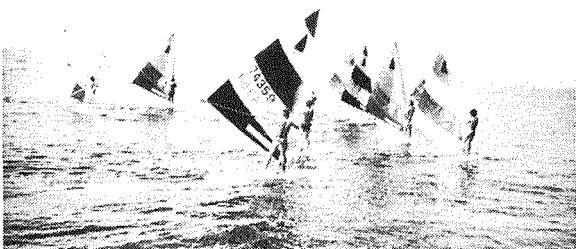


Sistema gdida ta' dawl fejn Pedestrian Crossings.

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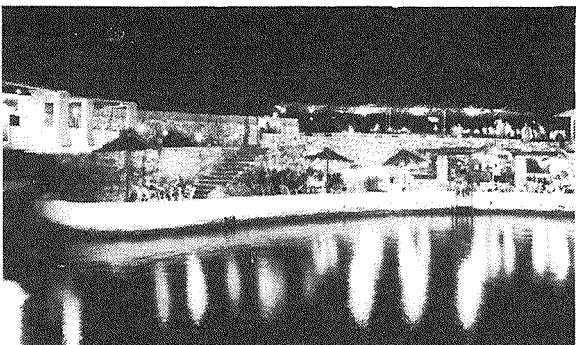


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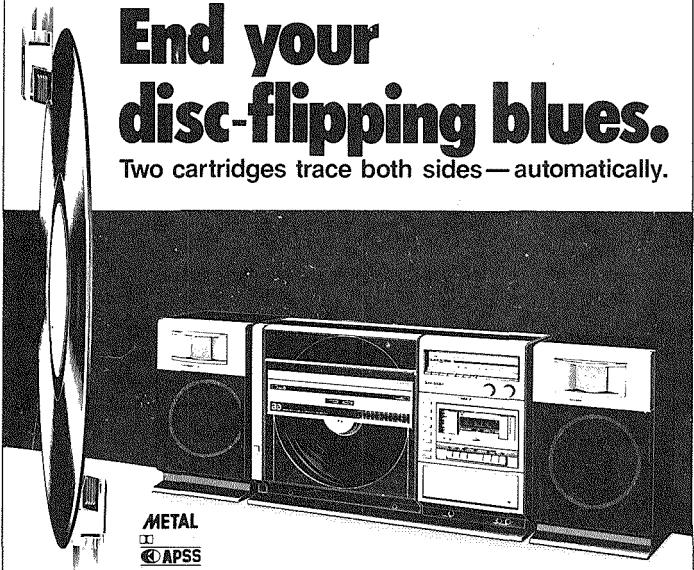
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Note: Depending on the market, some models shown may differ from that shown in the illustration. Be sure to use the appropriate illustration for your market.

HIDMA TA' HELMUT ZIEGNER FOST IL-HABSIN

minn E.A.

F'diversi hargiet ta' dan il-magazine dehru artikli mid-Direttur tal-Habs, is-Sur R. Theuma, dwar ir-rijabilitazzjoni tal-habsin u dan fakkarni fix-xogħol bla heda ta' attur Germaniż, Helmut Ziegner li għal bosta snin stinka kemm felaħ biex jitneħħew il-preġudizzji kontra dawk li johorgu mill-habs u li dawn jerġgħu jingħataw ċans fis-soċjetà. Ziegner dejjem emmen li l-ahjar mod li tnaqqas il-kriminalità huwa li dbiddel il-hajja hażina tal-kriminal qabel ma jkun tard wisq, u biex tagħmel dan, huwa meħtieg li lil habsi terga' ttieħ ċans ieħor fis-soċjetà u tghelu ma jirrepetix l-iżball li jkun għamel qabel. Jekk, skond Ziegner, ma jingħatax dan iċ-ċans, allura wisq probabbli, li dak li ħareg mill-habs se jerga' jispicċa l-habs.

Helmut Ziegner, li llum għandu mas-sittin sena, beda biex qatta' l-hin liberu tiegħi jgħiñ lil dawk li kieno johorgu mill-habs biex jerġgħu jsibu posthom fis-soċjetà. Huwa kellu l-ewwel la-qgħa mal-habsin fl-1949 meta bħala attur huwa attenda għall-play li kienet saret fil-habs ta' Lehrterstrasse, f'Berlin. Iżda mohħi Ziegner kien aktar fil-500 prigunier tal-habs li kien preżenti għal dik il-play milli fil-play in-nifisha. Għall-ewwel darba, Ziegner irrejalizza li l-prigunieri kienu nies li jidħku u jibku; li jit-tamaw u jibżgħu; fi kliem ieħor, nies bħal l-oħrajan. Wara li ħalla l-habs, Ziegner hass li għandu jsir jaf aktar dwar il-habsin u akkwista permess biex iżur il-habs ta' fejn kien joqgħod u jqatta' ftit hin jitkellem mal-habsin. Hawn Ziegner tagħllem li filwaqt li l-habsin ikollhom seba' mitt sena sakemm joħorgu mill-habs, iżda meta jkunu waslu biex iħallu l-habs wara li jiskontaw is-sentenza, taqbadhom certa biza li meta se jħallu l-habs, dawn se jsibu ruħħom weħedhom, mingħajr flus, mingħajr xogħol u mingħajr ebda għajjnuna. Dan kollu, haseb Ziegner, jista' jwassal li l-habsi jerga' lura għall-hajja hażina ta' qabel u konsegwentement jerga' jispicċa lura fil-habs.

Aktar ma ghaddha ż-żmien, Ziegner sar konxju tal-problemi tal-habsin u ddecieda li jintef'a

b'ruħu u għismu biex jgħinhom fil-problemi tagħħom. Din il-missjoni ta' Ziegner kienet ieħsa u diffiċċi għal bosta raġunijiet. Biżżejjed insemmu li filwaqt li Ziegner ma kienx isib dik il-koperazzjoni mixtieqa mill-awtoritajiet, kien hemm ukoll drabi li din il-koperazzoni kienet tonqos ukoll mill-istess ex-habsin li Ziegner kien qed jipprova jgħiñ. Dawn kieno mumenti koroh għal Ziegner u li ma kienitx għad-determinazzjoni li kellel ghax-xogħol fejjiedi li kien qed jaġħmel, kieku kien iħalli kollo għaddej.

Iżda Ziegner kellel wkoll mumenti ta' ferħ u sodisfazzjon f'dak li kien qed jaġħmel meta bil-hidma tiegħi kien verament jgħiñ habsi jerga' jsib postu fis-soċjetà bħal kaz li se nsemmu:

Darba waħda, wieħed li kien għadu ħiereg mill-habs wara li skonta sentenza dwar serq ta' flus mill-kumpanija li kien jaħdem magħha bħala *accountant*, mar iżur lil Ziegner fid-dar tiegħi tiegħi bl-iskop li jitkolu jgħi jidher minn falla x-xogħol u dan ta' sikkut kien jinsab fil-kumpanija ta' delinkwenti u ex-habsin li ma riedux jabqdu t-triq it-tajba. Meta Ziegner kien jirnexxielu jsib in-naqħha mitlu, huwa ma kienx joqgħod jaġħmel xi ħafna panigirki, iżda jgħid lil dak li ma marx għax-xogħol li meta jrid, hu jista' jerga' lura għax-xogħol fil-fabbrika.

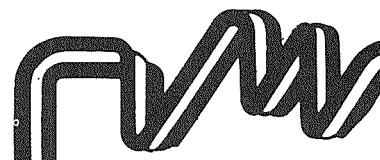
Barra mill-ħidma tiegħi ma' l-ex-habsin, Ziegner ta' wkoll bidu biex jingħata x-xogħol bi ħlas fil-habsijiet u dan beda fil-habs ta' Moabit meta bdew jaħdmu sittin ruħ f'xogħol ta' hadid użat fil-concrete. Meta raw dan is-suċċess, l-awtoritajiet Germaniżi tal-bu lil Ziegner biex jifta ħwienet oħra tax-xogħol f'ħabsijiet oħra u ta' dan, l-awtoritajiet Germaniżi offrew għajjnuna finanzjarja lil Ziegner.

Fl-1957 Ziegner waqqaf il-Universal Foundation, istituzzjoni li kienet titmexxa minn negozjanti, awtoritajiet civili u nies oħra li kellhom interessa firriformi tal-habs u r-rijabilitazzjoni tal-habsin. Taħt it-tmexxija ta' Ziegner, din l-istiżżejjen xtrat għodod u makkinarju kif ukoll materjal biex twaqqfu

li kien għadu ħiereg mill-habs biex jifta ħanut tal-merċa. Barra minn dan, huwa xtara xi *type-writers* qodma u feta ħanut fejn jissewwew u jinbiegħu t-type-writers. B'hekk huwa pprovda xogħol lil seba' habsin.

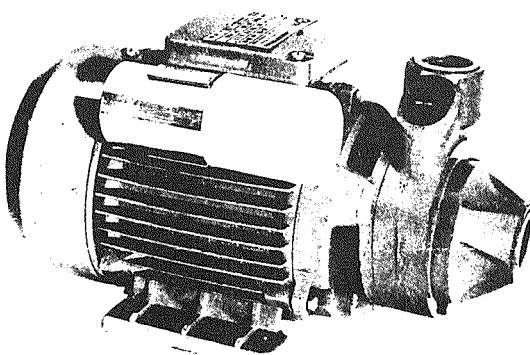
Fl-1954, is-sid ta' fabbrika kbira f'Berlin offra lil Ziegner xi makkinarju qadim li kien qed jinbidel fil-fabbrika. Ziegner mill-ewwel acċetta din l-offerta u kera post u wara li għarr xi magni li ingħata, impjega ħmistax-il ex-habsi u bdew jiprodu ħiġi biċċiet tal-plastic għas-sħarru 'switches' u tagħmir ieħor ta' l-elettriku. Bħala shift manager tal-fabbrika, Ziegner impjega wieħed li kien għadu kemm skonta sentenza ta' tmienja u għoxrin sena habs.

Iżda mhux kollo kien għaddej ward u zahar, għalkemm Ziegner kien qed jipprovdi x-xogħol għal dawn l-ex-habsin. Xi drabi kien ikun hemm minn ma jattendix ghax-xogħol u Ziegner flimkien mal-Manager ta-fabbrika, kienu jmorru jfittu lil min falla x-xogħol u dan ta' sikkut kien jinsab fil-kumpanija ta' delinkwenti u ex-habsin li ma riedux jabqdu t-triq it-tajba. Meta Ziegner kien jirnexxielu jsib in-naqħha mitlu, huwa ma kienx joqgħod jaġħmel xi ħafna panigirki, iżda jgħid lil dak li ma marx għax-xogħol li meta jrid, hu jista' jerga' lura għax-xogħol fil-fabbrika.



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Police Around The World

FINLAND (PART II)

History and General Facts

The geographical location and history of Finland have made it a meeting ground between the Scandinavian countries and Russia. Our country has an area of 337,000 square kilometers and a population of nearly 4,700,000. The thousands of lakes connecting rivers and islands as well as the vast forests have influenced the economic and political life of our country.

Like other Finnish institutions, the police force is proud of a long history of development reaching back into the 13th century. The outstanding feature of this Department has been the continuous strengthening of the power of the national government in the police field. The change toward centralization of the police authority has continued for the past seven hundred years without regard to the political situation. This gradual change continued slowly but surely in Finland during centuries of allegiance to the Swedish Crown, more than a hundred years as a Russian Grand Duchy and for the past fifty years as an independent republic.

At present, the Finnish Police is an organ of the national government. Even though towns contribute one third of police expenditure, the strength, organization and operations of both rural and urban police are exclusively determined by authorities of the national government.

The police organization and the principles of police work are based on the Police Act of 1966 and on the Police Statute of 1969.

The whole strength of our police force is now about 8,600 including the secretarial personnel. The compulsory retirement age is 60 years for constables and overconstables and 67 years for other persons. The pension laws are exactly the same as for other state officials.

The number of crimes known to the police was in 1968 about 304,000 including also all kinds of misdemeanours.

The Direction of Police

Supreme direction of the police rests upon the Minister of the In-



terior who has a special department for police affairs in his ministry. The chief of this department serves as a professional chief of police throughout Finland and is called Commander-in-chief. His immediate assistant and deputy chief is called the Inspector General of Police.

The Department for Police Affairs is divided into six bureaus; these are the Administrative Bureau, the Uniformed Police Bureau, the Criminal Police Bureau, the Technical Bureau, the Motorvehicle Bureau and the Alien Bureau. These bureaus are headed by chiefs, policemen, who are administrative government officials as well. The civil service officers of these bureaus also have experience in all kinds of police work.

The direction and supervision of the police activities in the twelve administrative provinces of Finland are the responsibility of the provincial governments. These provinces only serve the purposes of national government administration and have no self-government. Provincial governors are appointed and they carry on control over urban and rural local administrative areas. They are also responsible for the police in their respective provinces. An Inspector of Police in each province, however, provides the professional direction and supervision. In 1944 these inspectors were also given prosecution responsibilities in serious cases. As prosecutors, the inspectors of police are directly subordinate to

*cont. on p. 19



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the Chancellor of Justice and they superintend the police prosecutors of the provinces.

The active part of the Police Force consists of the General Police, the Central Criminal Police, the Security Police and the Mobile Police. The supporting units are the Police Academy, the Police Kennels, the Police Motor Pool, the Police Armory, the Police Equipment Depot and the Police Communications Depot.

The General Police

The general (or local) police operates under the provincial government. The provinces are divided into police districts which generally correspond with local authority areas i.e. municipalities. Each town constitutes a police district, while a rural police district may include one or more municipalities. New towns, established after the 1st of January 1959 are at present still rural police districts or parts of them.

Police districts are headed by a police chief. A law degree is required of police chiefs of the largest towns and rural districts.

The police chiefs are directly subordinate to the provincial inspectors of police.

Depending on the size of the urban police department, the policeman next in rank may be an assistant police chief, a police secretary, a police commissary (captain, lieutenant) or an over-constable (sergeant). The main divisions in town police forces consist of departments of criminal investigations and uniformed police. In addition, larger towns may have traffic and social divisions. The uniformed police operates from precinct stations and the criminal police usually acts from the police headquarters of the town. Detectives are specialized in investigation of certain types of crimes but they also have a good general knowledge of general criminal investigation work.

Rural districts may also have assistant chiefs in their police force, depending on the population and the size of the district. These assistants mostly direct the work of the criminal police, unless they are public prosecutors instead of the chief. The largest rural districts act very much in the same way as town districts i.e. they have the same special



divisions as the towns. The largest rural district has a staff of 95 and the smallest only of 3 persons.

The rural police is in charge of a considerable number of administrative duties as well, such as tax collection, distraint, execution of sentences etc.

Continuing a practice which evolved when Finland was under the Swedish Crown, the rural chiefs also serve as public prosecutors in their districts. In many of Finland's isolated and sparsely settled rural districts, the police chief is the outstanding public figure people depend on, in fact he is sort of a "father confessor".

The Police Department of Helsinki

Helsinki, the capital of Finland has about 520,000 inhabitants and it is only natural that the Helsinki department is the largest of all police-units in Finland and also the best organized. The police chief here has the rank of Police Commander and under him are the assistant chief, the chief of CID and the judicial assistant. The whole staff is now about 1970, but as you will see below the department has many duties outside the actual police work.

The main divisions of the

department are the secretarial division, the division of economics, the precincts, the central division, the mounted division, the division of motor vehicles, the criminal investigation department, the traffic division, the social division, the division for passports and the division of registrations.

The city area is divided into nine precincts. Their staff performs all the duties of the uniformed police and investigates crimes which do not belong to the criminal investigation department. In addition to the normal police work the precincts also inspect certain professionals, especially hotels and restaurants. The chief of the precinct also acts as a public prosecutor in misdemeanours tried by reports only.

The central division has duties in the whole city area in assisting the precincts, and its personnel serves as police reserve, when needed. The radio cars and boats also operate under the central division.

The mounted division is mainly used for patrolling the sparsely settled suburbs and forest areas and at gatherings. The division of motor vehicles takes care of all the 88 motor vehicles of the department.

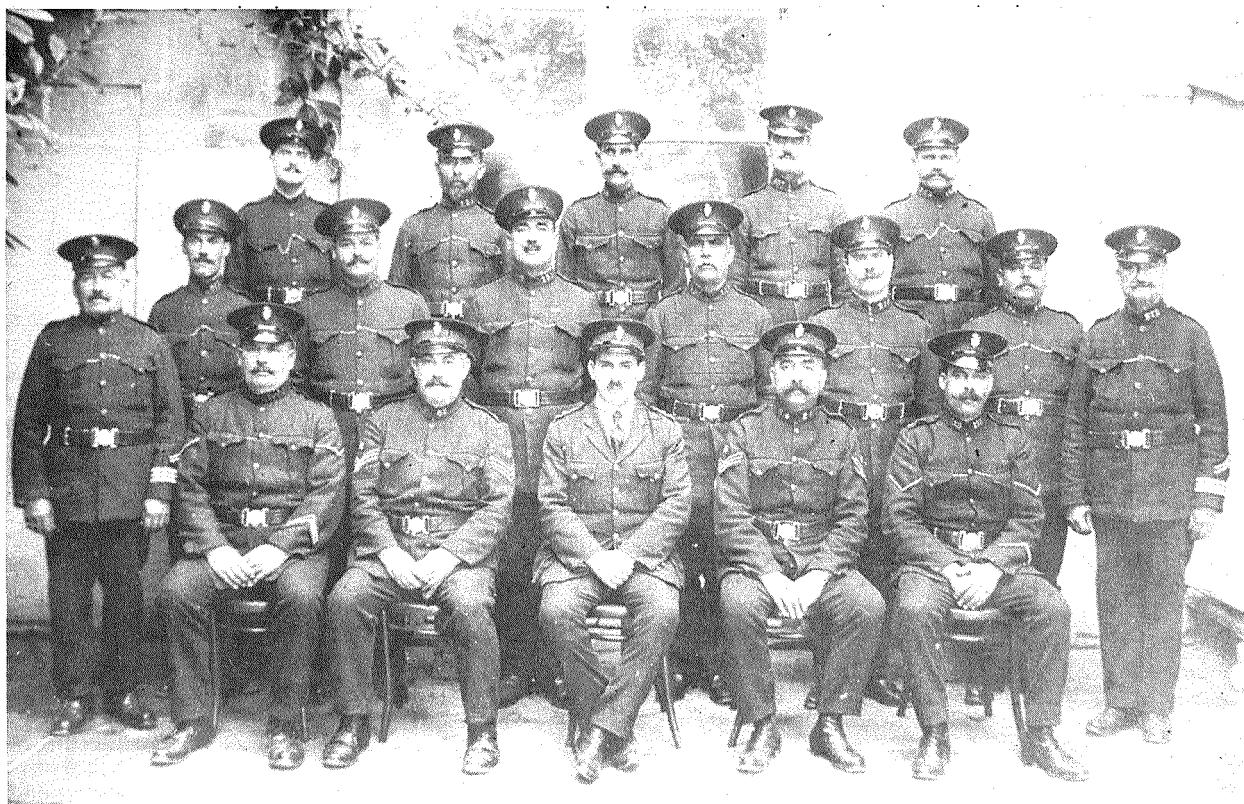
MILL-IMGHODDI

Qabel nagħti tagħrif dwar ir-ritratt antik li qed jidher f'din il-harga, nixtieq ngħid li wara li jidher xi ritratt ta' din ix-xorta, jkun hemm ħafna min jitlobni xi kopja żejda tal-magazine jew ir-ritratt innifsu għar-raġuni li jkun hemm jidher fih xi membru tal-familja tiegħu. L-istess jiġri għar-ritratti ta' l-ex-membri tal-Korp li jidħru taht il-Mutual Help Association (tal-mejtin); jiskantani l-fatt li ħafna drabi

l-familjari tal-mejjet ma jkollhomx ritratt ta' l-individwu liebes l-uniformi.

Fir-ritratt ta' din il-ħargħa li huwa meħud madwar sebghin sena ilu, jidher l-Ispettur Salvo Galea, li fl-1928 sar Kummissarju tal-Pulizija, flimkien mal-membri tal-Korp ta' xi divizzjoni, probabbilment fid-distrett tas-Central (illum No. 3 District). Ir-ritratt meħud f'xi bitħa ta' Ghassa tal-Pulizija. Bil-qeqħda

fuq il-lemin jidher il-kapural li wara sar Surgent, Santu Azopardi (Nru. 113) li għandi ħafna ritratti tiegħu fil-kollezzjoni tiegħi. Fuq wara (xellug) jidher dak il-famuż pulizija bid-daqna. Wieħed josserva kemm kien modu l-mustacċi fost il-membri tal-Korp u f'dan ir-ritratt insibu li kollha huma bil-mustacċi u mhux biss, għaliex għandek diversi stili ta' mustacċi.



•minn paġna 15

imintax-il hanut tax-xogħol f'diversi habsijiet ta' Berlin tal-Punent u dawn haddmu mitejn u hamxin ruh. F'dawn il-ħwienet tax-xogħol, il-habsin mhux biss tgħallmu jaħdmu, iżda saru jafu x'inħuma r-responsabilitajiet tax-xogħol u dan wassal ukoll biex bdew jaqalghu l-flus minn ġol-habs. Barra minn dan, il-habsin setgħu wkoll jattendu ghall-korsijiet ta' taħbiq f'ċerti snajja

b'kisbiet ta' certifikati li kienu ta' ġħajnuna kbira biex wieħed isib ix-xogħol kif iħalli l-habs.

L-istituzzjoni li waqqaf Ziegner, hadet ukoll ħsieb tiftaħ centrū barra mill-habs għaż-żgħażaq fejn dawn setgħu jitgħallmu snajja u wara jinstabilhom ix-xogħol.

Fl-1965 Ziegner waqqaf l-organizzazzjoni msejjha UNIHELP bil-ġhan li dak ix-xogħol li beda hu, jitkompli u l-prigunier isib min jgħinu wara li joħroġ mill-habs. Għalkemm fil-

bidu tat-twaqqif ta' din l-organizzazzjoni ma kienx hemm dawk ir-rizultati mixtieqa, iżda wara xi żmien, bil-ġħajnuna ta' organizazzjonijiet oħra kif ukoll ta' trade unions u kumpaniji tax-xogħol, il-UNIHELP bdiet tagħti l-frott taqħha fit-twettieq tar-rijabilitazzjoni tal-habsin.

Għal din il-ħidma kbira fost il-habsin, Ziegner gie mogħiġi il-Grand Cross of the Order of Merit, l-unika dekorazzjoni li jista' jiġi mogħiġi cittadin fil-Germanja tal-Punent.