EUROPEAN FESTIVAL OF MUSIC & DANCE 1989



25th Anniversary of Malta's Independence

THE EUROPEAN FESTIVAL OF MUSIC & DANCE 1989

is presented by

Embajada de España

Ambasciata d'Italia Istituto Italiano di Cultura

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Ambassade de France Alliance Française de Malte

Acknowledgements:
Alliance Française de Paris
Manoël Theatre
The Cathedral Chapter
Cathedral Museum, Mdina

Programme

SPAIN
Monday 9th October 1989
Manoël Theatre at 7.30 p.m.
Carles M. Eroles, Guitar Concert

GERMANY
Sunday 5th November 1989
Cathedral Museum, Mdina at 7.00 p.m.
Classical Concert

ITALY
Saturday 25th November 1989
Manoël Theatre at 7.30 p.m.
Classical performance

GREAT BRITAIN

Monday 18th December 1989

Manoël Theatre at 7.30 p.m.

Andrew Bell & Alexander Baillie, Piano and cello concert

FRANCE
Tuesday 19th December 1989
Manoël Theatre at 7.30 p.m.
Mireille Negre, Danseuse étoile, Soloist

In May 1950 Belgium, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Italy, Luxembourg and the Netherlands started negotiations with the aim of ensuring continual peace by a merging of their essential interests. The negotiations culminated in the signing in 1951 of the Treaty of Paris creating the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC). Two more communities with the aims of gradually integrating the economics of the 6 nations and of moving towards closer political unity, the European Economic Community (EEC) and the European Atomic Energy Community (EAEC or Euroatom) were created in 1957 by the signing of the Treaties of Rome.

On 30th June 1970 membership negotiations began between the Six and the UK, Denmark, Ireland and Norway. On 22nd January 1972 those 4 countries signed a Treaty of Accession, although this was rejected by Norway in a referendum in November 1972. On 1st January 1973 the UK, Denmark and Ireland became full members. Greece joined the Community on 1st January 1981. Spain and Portugal on 1st January 1986, although Community legislation will only apply to them entirely after a transitional period. In December 1985 the Treaties were amended again by the Single

Act of Luxembourg. Turkey applied for membership in April 1987.

The institutional arrangements of the Communities provide an independent executive with powers of proposal (the Commission), various consultative bodies, and a decision-making body drawn from the Governments (the Council). Until 1967 the 3 Communities were completely distinct, although they shared some non-decision-making bodies. From that date the executives were merged in the European Commission and the decision-taking bodies in the Council.