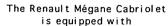


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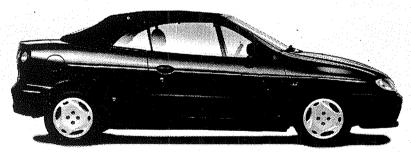


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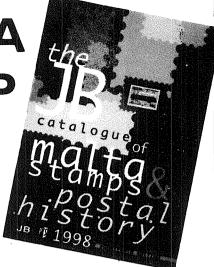




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December, 1999

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Wishing all our members and their families

A Happy Christmas and A Prosperous New Year

LETTERS BY ARCHPRIEST CASSAR TO HIS VILLAGE COMMANDERS DURING THE FRENCH OCCUPATION OF GOZO

6th September 1798 – 30th October 1798

by Dr. A. Bonnici, MD



Archpriest Saverio Cassar (Photo J. Cremona)

The aim of this research, and its subsequent publication was to register as much as possible a complete list of letters written by Archpriest S. Cassar and his fellow village Gozo Commanders, that have come to light as of today. Letters to or by M. Hasciac/Dr G. Grima LLD, Commanders of Zebbug, Dr F Pace LLD, Commander of Rabat, and Liberato Grech Commander of Caccia, feature prominently, but there must have been also letters to the other Commanders, which so far have not yet been traced. From these letters we are able to understand the great difficulties Archpriest S. Cassar and his Commanders had to face. They show him as an able Administrator, involved in the exercise of discipline, raising of money for the 'Cassa Commune', the buying of supplies and wheat from Sicily, the distribution of bread and wheat, combatting division in Gozo 'Francophiles', and his historic meeting with Nelson on board the Vanguard, discussing terms for the evenutual capitulation of the French occupation forces. From all this Archpriest S. Cassar emerges as a National Hero.

I would like to thank, Mr Edmond Micallef who helped extensively and patiently with the translations, Dr Paul George Pisani LLD, who supplied a chronological list as per source and supplying photo copies, Mr J. Bonnici of the National Library Malta, Rev Dr J. Bezzina of the National Library Gozo for the Grima pages, the Rev Mons. A. Gauci, Mons. E. Bondi for the Bondi Documents, Mr John Cremona, Secretary to the Hon Minister for Gozo, Giovanna Debono, and Mr Anthony Vella Gera.

WHO WAS ARCHPRIEST SAVERIO CASSAR?

Saverio Cassar was born on the 29th December 1746 in the neighbourhood of "Santa Cilja" outside Ghajnsielem limits of the Parish of Nadur where he was baptised. (1)

He studied at the "La Sapienza" University in Rome from where he graduated as Doctor of Divinity. On the 30th March 1771, Mons Francesco Mattei ordained him as Priest, and two years later, on the 20th April 1773, Pope Clement XIV, appointed him as Archpriest of the "Matrice Kollegiata" - Church of the Assumption - Rabat Gozo, today the Cathedral. Some time later he was appointed by Bishop C.I. Pellerano as "Provigarju" that is, his representative in Gozo. (2)

Cassar tried very hard to promote Gozo as a seperate Diocese, with its own Bishop, and did his best to persuade King Ferdinand IV of the two Sicilies, to recommend this to the Pope. However this did not materialise during his life time. (3)

When the Gozitans rebelled on the 2nd September 1798 against the French occupation forces, under Lt Coloinel Lockey, he was instrumental in leading the revolt. On the 18th September 1798, he was officially appointed by Congress as Governour and Inspector General of the Provisional Government for Gozo, leading the Gozitan miltary forces, against the French occupation forces. Both Admiral H. Nelson, and Admiral the Marquis De Niza consulted him on the French capitulation document.

Being a strong supporter of King Ferdinand IV, of the two Sicilies, whom he acknowledged as the rightful soverign of Gozo, did not help in having good relations with Sir Alexander John Ball, and he had to suffer various snubs by Ball. He died in 1805 a broken man.

INVASION OF GOZO BY THE FRENCH

General Jean Louis E. Rynier was ordered by Napoleon Bonaparte to land in Gozo on the 10th June 1798, at a location between "It-torri ta' Sopru u r-Ramla", today known as "L-Irdum tal-Hawt jew ta' Vnuta" and at other beaches (4), and after some brave resistance by the Gozitans, the French were soon in possession of the whole of Gozo. The capitulation was signed by Judge Pietro Paulo Grungo, a Maltese (5), who had been sent to Gozo by Grand Master Ferdinand von Hompesch as a Judge. (6)

On the 14th June, Napoleon ordered General Vaubois to dispatch a detachment of two hundred men to Gozo, as General Reynier stationed in Gozo was due to leave with his regiment on the 16th. (5)

As a result there were 217 Officers and men stationed within the Citadel under Lieutant Colonel Jean Baptiste Lockey, and sixty men in Fort Chambray under General Baste, who had been transfered there from the frigate La Diane.(7)

INSURRECTION AGAINST THE FRENCH

On the 2nd September 1798 news reached Gozo, that the Maltese had rebelled against the French occupation forces capturing Mdina, and on that same day the insurrection against the French forces in Gozo started as well. Archpriest S. Cassar was nominated member of a four man commission, convened to lead the Gozitans to victory,(8) and on the 6th September 1798, Archpriest S. Cassar informed King Ferdinand IV about the rebellion and requested aid, by way of food and arms, in the name of the people of Gozo.

6th September 1798. Letter from Archpriest S. Cassar to King Ferdinand IV requesting aid. ASP b.5222 f.187

Las Popologione Velle due Pole chaltar e Porco dipiaciata Palli fradimento de suoi Superiori antichi e nedendosi nel loso di non poter fare la conveniente veji tempa all'improvojo dovette soccombere e possire lo sbarco Vei francesi e mal vo lentieri anche soggiacere al lovo Soverno auuta però la certa notigia Oella però ta edi trussione della lovo Avmata, il Popolo di dette due Johe contemporareamente si solleuó edoppo un lungo dibattimento e contrasto con facione d'ormi il Popolo s'impodroni di tutte le Campagne

clore forte non restand altro che parte Vella Getta Willet. to il Castello del Jose in mano della Granceji: la valletta ne tiene dentro al più quattro mila anine che pono aperiate al wino della lopo lagiane tutta a il Cojtello del Sozzo ne tiene cento in tutto _ Il Popo le del Sozzo ricorre ed implora seccorso primo dei wineri epoi moniziones di fuerra si troua il fosco attorniato da una fragata frances e exclanie che mostano tentave sbarco. onde speriamo qualche sociorso della liberalità dei Minis tri di S. M. Nopo bitana ch'e quante il l'apale Vel fosso impli và esupper e di uero affetto enenerazione mi poto reviero anome di putto il Popolo del Jogio. oggi & Ser 7600 1298 X1.59. Jev. (ed All Serv. Araprete Dell' Gola Del Gono

18th September 1798 Provisional Government formed. — NAG $\,^{\circ}$

On the 18th September 1798 the representatives of the people of Gozo met in Congress at the Banca Giuratale to form a PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT, in order to be in a better position to fight the French occupation forces, as well as to administer the Island. They nominated and proposed the following:

Saverio Cassar, Archpriest of the Matrice, Head of the Government and Superintendent of the whole Island of Gozo.

Fortunato Spiteri, Lawyer, Secretary to Cassar and to the Government

Antonio Mallia, Commander of Fort Chambray

Antonio Mallia and Francesco Pace, Commanders of Rabat

Francesco Refalo and Francesco Zarmmit, Commanders of Xewkija

Angelo Vella and Giuseppe Muscat, Commanders of Gharb

Giuseppe Grima, Lawyer and Martino Hasciach, Commanders of Zebbug

Liberato Grech and Liberato Sultana, Commanders of Xaghra Rev Francesco Hili, and Francesco Attard, Commanders of Nadur Commissioners of Health Services: Antonio Renaud, Notary for Health, Dr Giovanni Cassar, MD, Dr Angelo Mizzi, Physician

Harbour Supervisors: Giuseppe Debattista, Salvatore Grima Judge: Dr Emmanuel Palmier, and his Notary, Ludovico Spiteri

FORMATION OF REGIMENTS

On the 4th September a regiment at Zebbug was formed. — NAG Grima Papers (9)

Di Casal Lebbug Formato nel secondo giorno Pella	Aivoluzionz
Mro Paolo Schembre ni Mro Carmine) .
Juseppe Famigia li Jio: Maria	2.
Cugenio Vella li Salvadore	3.

and troops were sent out to capture Marsalforn Tower. (9)

Dalli gia Descri	tti fuvono Vistaccati i se:
	neueve la Joure Marial:
~ ,	, Pai Ivanceji, come effecti:
	stati i primi al entravoi
Mentro.	
Marcello Vella	. di Ivancejeo N. 37.
Genjeppe agu	ilina & Siovanni A. A.

Troops were also sent out to assail Colla I-Bajda Tower. (9) and Mgarr ix-Xini, (10) both of which were captured.

Garzes Tower resisted for some time but Francesco Zammit, one of the Commanders of Xewkija and Antonio Mallia, one of the Commanders of Rabat, captured it. (11)

Troops of the Zebbug battery attacked Fort Chambray on the 3rd, 6th and 14th September when finally the French escaped to Malta on a speronara sent for that purpose, and troops from the Zebbug battery were able to occupy it on the 17th September, forming two companies: the first under Sgt Lorenzo Grech of Lazzaro N° 63 and the second company under Cpl Giuseppe Farrugia N° 2. (13)

	Evacuato il Torte Chambray Da Fran:
	cesi furono mattenuti gli infrascoitti e
	d'ovenzon wech di dazzaro.
•	L'apparont with the apparont
	L' Compagnia .
	Giorgio Cini di Michele :
	Juilieri
	Calcedonio Zahva di Gio: Maria_ = # 8.
	Francesco Mangion di Princeppe - 1 60.
	0 - 10/1

First Company

Gingeppe ani di Michele 1. 1.66.
2. Con pagnia
Timeype Farrugia di Sio: Maria #??
Jucilierz L'On
Carlo Mangion di Giujeppe - 1.79. Lovenzo Farrugia di Gio: Maria : 11.9.

Second Company

Fort Chambray

RECORD OF LETTERS BY ARCHPRIEST S. CASSAR AND HIS COMMANDERS DURING THE PERIOD 6TH SEPTEMBER-30TH OCTOBER 1798 By Dr J. Pisani, LLD.

The Malta Study Handbook, "Malta – The Stamps and Postal History 1567-1960" mentions Three Archipriest Cassar letters, written on the 6th, 12th and 13th October 1798 and oen written by Com A Mallia on the 8th October, under the heading "Letters between Maltese outside French occupied areas". (15)

Since then about forty other such letters have been discovered, and Dr J. Pisani, has tabulated them according to source. (16)

ABBREVIATIONS USED

Attard Francesco Attard, Comandante of Nadur with Rev. Fr Francesco Hili

Cassar Archpriest Saverio Cassar, Archpriest of Rabat, Bishop's Pro Vicar for Gozo, Head of the Government and Superintendent General of all the Island of Gozo

Grech Liberato Grech - Comandante of Xaghra, Gozo together with Liberato Sultana

Grima Dr Giuseppe Grima - Comandante of Zebbug with Martino Hasciac

Hasciac Martino Hasciac - Commandante of Zebbug with Dr Giuseppe Grima

Pace Dr Francesco Pace - Commander of Rabat; Maggiore di Fanteria of His Sicilian Majesty

Spiteri Dr. Fortunato Spiteri, Secretary to Archpriest Cassar and to the Government

Luzzi Principe di Luzzi – Viceroy of Sicily

ASN Archivio di Stato Napoli - Sezione Esteri

ASP Archivio di Stato Palermo

NAG National Archives Gozo - Misc. Grima Papers

NLM National Library Malta - Ms. 1053

b. Busta/Bundle

Bo. Bondi Documents

AB Dr. A. Bonnici Collection

AG Mgr Dr Anton Gauci Collection

f. Folio

n.d. undated letter

King Fredinand IV - King of the Two Sicilies

Acton Genral John Acton, King's Minister in Palermo; Prime Minister to Ferdinand IV

Date	Sender	Adressee	Location
n.d.	Cassar	Luzzi	ASP b.5522 f.673
n.d.	Cassar	King	ASP b.5522 f.177
06.09.98	Cassar	King	ASP b.5522 f.187
n.d.	Cassar	C. Frangipane	ASP b.5522. f.225
21.02.99	Cassar	King	ASN b.4271. f.11
21.02.99	Cassar	King	ASN b.4271 f.31

Date	Sender	Adressee	Location
22.02.99	Cassar	Acton	ASN b.4271 f.32
26.02.99	Cassar	King	ASN b.2471 f.37
13.03.99	Acton	Cassar	ANS b.4271 f.47
n.d.	Pace	King	ASN b.2806 f.5
02.04.99	Pace	Acton	ASN c.2806 f.1
27.12.98	Cassar	Acton	ASN b.2806 f.7
28.12.98	Cassar	Acton	ASN b.2806 f.9
04.10.98	Pace	Grima	Bo unnumbered
19.10.98	Pace	Grech	Bo unnumbered
02.10.98	Pace	Grima	Bo unnumbered
19.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.41
19.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.42
n.d.	Cassar	Grech	Bo.43
20.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.44
20.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.45
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.46
23.10.98	Pace	Grech	Bo.47
22.10.98	Attard	Grech	Bo.48
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.49
22.10.98	Pace	Grech	Bo.50
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.51
23.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.52
23.10.98	Grech	Attard	Bo.53
23.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bo.54
12.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Mons Gauci
15.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Mons Gauci
17.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Mons Gauci
n.d.	Spiteri	Grech	Bo.55
18.10.98	Pace	Grech	Bo.unnumbered
05.10.98	V. de Piro	Cassar	NAG unnumbered
23.09.98	Cassar	Hasciac	NAG unnumbered
27.09.98	Cassar	Grima et	NAG unnumbered
28.09.98	Spiteri	Grima	NAG unnumbered
17.10.98	Cassar	Grima et	NAG unnumbered
n.d.	Cassar	Grima et	NAG unnumbered
n.d.	Cassar	Grima	NAG unnumbered
n.d.	Anon	Grima	NAG unnumbered
24.09.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.2 Ms.1053
05.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.3 Ms.1053
06.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.4 Ms.1053
17.10.98	Spiteri	Pace	NLM f.5 Ms.1053
18.10.98	Spiteri	Pace	NLM f.6 Ms.1053

Date	Sender	Adressee	Location
18.10.98	Spiteri	Pace	NLM f.7 Ms.1053
20.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.8 Ms.1053
24.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.9 Ms.1053
26.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.10 Ms.1053
n.d.	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.11 Ms.1053
n.d.	Pace	CapoMastro	NLM f.12 Ms.1053
		Garzes Tower	
24.09.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM f.14 Ms.1053
06.10.98	Cassar	Grech	AB N.1
08.10.98	A. Mallia	Grech	AB N.2
12.10.98	Cassar	Grech	AB N.3
13.10.98	Cassar	Grech	AB N.4
30.10.98	Ball	Nelson	The Sun Naval News,
			06.12.98
02.03.00	Ball	Hamilton	ASN b4328 unnumbered

I have rearranged them in chronological order, as in this presentation we have a day-to-day narration of events, leading to the capitulation on the 28th October 1798.

List of letters by Archpriest Saverio Cassar and other Gozitan leaders during the uprising of the Gozitans, against the French occupation forces during the period 2nd September - 28th October, 1798

Date	Sender	Adressee	Location
06.09.98	Cassar	King	ASP b.5522 f.187
n.d.	Pace	Local French	Handbook Malta Study Circle, UK
		Commander	
19.09.98 (?)	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.053 f.11
19.09.98 (?)	Cassar	Grima	NAG Grima Papers
23.09.98	Bando		
23.09.98	Cassar	Hasciac	NAG Grima Papers
24.09.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.2
24.09.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.14
27.09.98	Cassar	Grima/Hasciac	NAG Grima Papers
28.09.98	Spiteri	Grima	NAG Grima Papers
02.10.98	Pace	Grima	Bondi Doc
04.10.98	Pace	Grima	Bondi Doc
05.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.13
06.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.4
06.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bonnici Col. Nº 1
08.10.98	Mallia	Grech	Bonnici Col. Nº 2

Date	Sender	Adressee	Location
12.10.98 (?)	Pace	Capo Mastro/	NLM Ms. 1053 f.12
		Garzes Tower	
12.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bennici Col. Nº 3
13.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bennici Col. Nº 4
15.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Mons A. Gauci Col. Nº 2
17.10.98	Cassar	Grima/Hasciac	NAG Grima Papers
17.10.98	Spiteri	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.5
18.10.98	Spiteri	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.7
18.10.98	Spiteri	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.6
18.10.98 (?)	Spiteri	Grech	Bondi N° 55
19.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi Nº 41
19.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 42
19.10.98	Pace	Grech	Bondi unnumbered
20.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi Nº 44
20.10.98	Cassar	All Commanders	NLM Ms.1053 f.8
20.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 45
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 46
22.10.98	Renaud/	Grech	Bondi N° 48
	Attard		
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 49
22.10.98	Pace	Grech	Bondi N° 50
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi Nº 51
22.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 42
23.10.98	Grech	Attard	Bondi N° 53
23.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 52
24.10.98 (?)	Cassar	Agius	Bondi N° 43
23.10.98	Cassar	All Commanders	NAG Grima Papers
23.10.98	Cassar	Grech	Bondi N° 54
24.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.9
26.10.98	Cassar	Pace	NLM Ms.1053 f.10
28.10.98	Pace	Grima	Bondi unnumbered
30.10.98	Ball	Nelson	The Sun Naval News,
			06.12.98

POSTAL MARKINGS

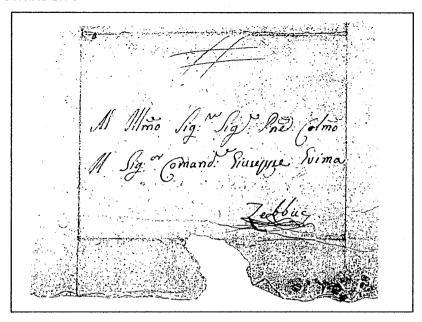
All letters are in the form of ENTIRES, folded so that the address panel measures about 9cm by 7 cm.

All letters were delivered privately by hand and so there are no postal dues or other postal delivery markings.

However, there are two entires dated 4th and 22nd October which deserve special mention. The letter written on 4th Octber 1798 (Bondi Document) written by Dr F. Pace, LLD, Commander of Rabat to Commander G. Grima of Zebbug, has on the address panel

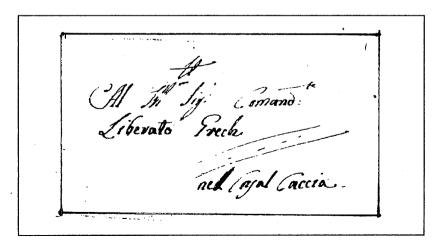
the sign '#' which denotes that this letter was to be delivered by a mounted courier. Such a sign was commonly used in Sicily.

4th October 1798



This entire written on the 22nd October 1798, by Mr Antonio Renaud, Notary of the Commander of Health, and Francesco Attard, Commander of Nadur, to Liberato Grech Commander of Caccia, is more specific.

22nd October 1798



Besides showing the usual sign '#', it also shows two parallel lines, signifying the road, and dashes in the middle, signifying the horse. This is the only specimen that I have seen indicating so clearly the intention of the sender that the letter to be "delivered by a mounted courier".

Other marks were used in Europe as described in the "Origin of Posts Italy - Early Fifteen Century", by Ludwig von Bertalanffy, and by Paolo Vollmeire Naples etc.

FOREIGN ASSISTANCE TO GOZO

On the 6th September 1798, Archpriest Cassar wrote to King Ferdinand IV of the two Sicilies requesting aid. On the 18th September 1798, the day the Gozo Provisional Government was formed, the Portuguese Squadron under the Command of Admiral the Marquis de Niza,(17) appeared off Gozo in compliance with instructions from Lord Admiral H. Nelson, to blockade Valletta. (18)

Knowing that this Portuguese fleet was in the vicinity, Archpriest S. Cassar immediately sent a messenger, Pasquale Vella, (19) with a letter to Admiral Niza asking for help, which was granted as the following letter undated, probably the 19th September sent by Archpriest S. Cassar to Avvocato Francesco Pace, Commander of Rabat, reveals.

Undated ? 19 Sept,1798, NLM Ms 1053 fil.

Gange Ty. Commendation

So um dero, ne popo Facioni questo latigiono:
Seri a posse è internato il messo ella savone
spermero dal sordo delli Vasulli Portugheni, ilu
in usto assismo: Il Ecaembro acedire, e trasto apra,
sino il suesso; Lesso la ación petersono, e si
dichiari d'equero venuto seriamente per direi
ajuto; li farmi della polivero, delli fucili:

Telle Suallie, e jestione aemete con melle altre gentili entigimi; Kingingiamo Dungue il Cido, che la voluto exaudira, animiamo alle no gente, e l'esortium de vegline con attenzime full'inimico d'au seux mino, giante Did order Con . Trionferens Cooperater Freth & foglive, a sondrum del Vojedo lo Spirito della Contracti, ad inimizio, e Concentrado vella quiete, purla atriment? potreme some del quaj tratogini, ele all'amo in vigiro una petenza forastion d'indste apraj quisto parifico, a traquillo. Vanto li duo e allorecina or un porteging.

PS.

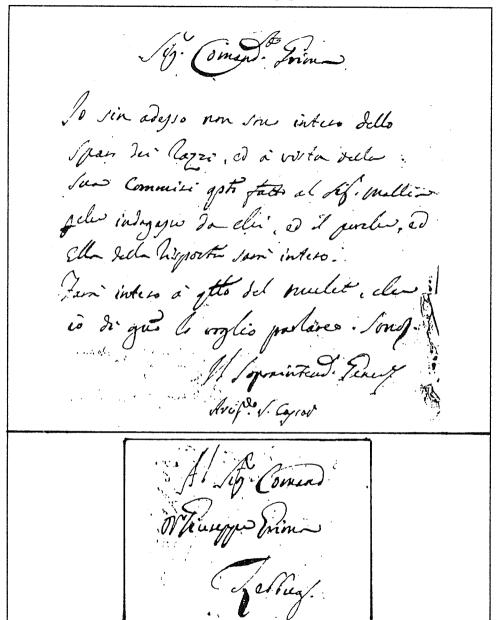
bi priego di fare una lacella di quent.

che sommo conjuti di pelvere per la Trinier, che a juan de gran quyte les nel wonder Thelway. of for le! Il Lopeanseninera Corse Al Granges Josep

"I must not and cannot keep this news from you. Last night my messenger returned by speronara from on board the Portuguese vessels, which are in view. The General received and treated the messenger (Pasqualino Vella) (19) very well, read my petition and declared to have come in earnest to give us help, powder, rifles, swords and other help".

Cassar appeals for unity, "to eradicate from the people divisions (he is refering to French sympathisers) and anxiety, but to do it quietly", as otherwise he was afraid of more trouble.

He ends the letter by saying: "I ask you to collect all empty sacks which you find, so that they will be filled with powder, for the trenches that it was planned to set up this evening on the hill of Ghelmus".



In this letter Archpriest S. Cassar admits that up till then he did not understand much about the firing of rockets and says that "he was going to instruct A. Mallia to find out who and for what purpose the firing of rockets was ordered, and would let him know the reply".

or the il light Comand it as bato vedal che lafla trascura Horanti Limnica chato vitrae qualite sorta visione, un tuj si solleva ordinas e comanda, he chiuncha ha les porci recove od astri an mis Minsie ban conservatione 10 Ho nena lella confiscational animali, qualora si moveranne

Archpriest S. Cassar had to enforce discipline on the population: This Bando issued by the Commander of Rabat Dr F. Pace on the 23rd Sept clearly illustrates this.

"Since the Commander of the Island of Gozo is aware that because of the carelessness of some inhabitants, the besiged (the French) have been able to obtain some provisions, with which to sustain themselves, he orders and commands that anybody who owns pigs, sheep, and other animals, must lock them up and look after them, as roaming animals will be confiscated".



The Castle – Cittadella, Rabat – with Mount Ghelmus in the background where Archpriest Cassar had his headquarters and from where he bombarded the Castle

dig: Comand & C. Produce Si compiacero oggi allora di nuevo giori, mandave almeno una venerna di serjone Disarmate rella Cità di e avendo determinato apolatanen maj novo delli Canone assendo La nota delle ipeja delli polla

By the 23rd September 1798 Archpriest S. Cassar wanted to start bombarding the Cittadella, and so in this letter to Commander Hasciac of Zebbug, he instructs him to send at least twenty disarmed men to "Città Chambray" in order to transport definitely the cannons.

He does not mention to where he wanted to transport the cannons but in view of the fact that the Cittadella was the only fort remaining in the hands of the French we may assume that he wanted to bombard the Cittadella from the hill of Ghelmus as in his letter of the 19th Sept, he wanted powder for the trenches he was digging there. Moreover receipts of expenditure mention transport of cannons to Ghelmus.(20)

Archpriest S. Cassar was also involved in administrative duties, such as the distribution of wheat.

Sif Commandante.

Nel Congrego & guyter Sera a Letermine . Sino que del lugions Deven Sivilen for futti in audi Dil Rellate per uguale porgione Work Teni un falor in from tel Populo h'inche lestry your wer just ciguit la quantità anto degl'altre cacali ; oqui Considerate por Illa Sun porgine Sisponya i per pinere ción o vendelos, o dalos alla gente del Verrizio anne meter; oude. Ella penni domeni austino d'inviero un Canniprimate guesatit del vivio mire of hiveve ce trasportare la program him i homo ali Cila Scian See provisoriamente sono nous:

liberte Buch, O il Af Timyger Sim. I in fethe pui dieg. li 14. 760 (198.) Il Sopraintendente S. Cyser Adop?

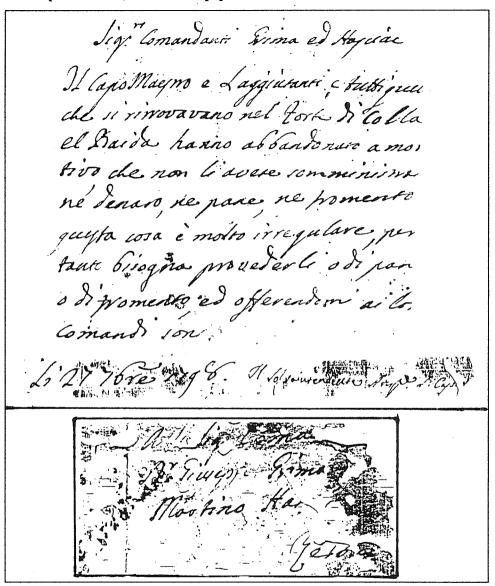
In this letter to Avvocato F. Pace, he informs him that "During this evening's Congress it should be decided that the wheat in the warehouses at Mgarr should be divided amongst all the villages and Rabat in equal proportions, deducting a percentage which should go to the people of Zebbug, as they had not received their share in the previous distribution. Each Commander was to dispose of his share as he thought best, and he was expecting to receive to morrow part payment for the order including transport".

Congress had on the 18th September appointed Ant Mallia as Commander of Fort Chambray, but in this letter Cassar says: "Returning to the subject of the 'Città Chambray' Francesco Hill, Liberato Grech, and Giuseppe Grima are provisionally appointed Commanders". We may therefore assume that Commander A. Mallia was relieved of this post. We shall see later on that he was put under 'house arrest'.

Questo sevo prime che si facción tarda o aspetto in questo monte per Communicate qualitus after I importange in consequences to un Cetter Speditumi oggi svegio Tall' amminglis marches de Niza Portaghese, queint mi lunings, ele sur à favorious, e sones. Tople 24: 1600 1798. Il Lope oinecure and Folo f. Com.

In this letter Archpriest S. Cassar informs Commander F. Pace of Rabat that: "This evening before it becomes late I will wait for you at this mountain (Ghelmus) to inform you of some important affairs, as a result of a letter sent to me today by the Admiral Marquis de Niza Portuguese".

The Portuguese Admiral was exerting pressure on the French to surrender.



Archpriest Cassar in this letter to Giuseppe Grima and Martino Hasciac, Commanders of Zebbug, points out that: "The Head and men in the fort of 'Colla il Bajda' have not received any pay, wheat, or bread, and so have abandoned the battery. This is very irregular and instructs them to remedy the situation immediately". This shows that he had to be constantly supervising matters, as administrative problems were arising constantly.

Jig- Comend. Firm amalilys: I Top sprintedento um litorner cle al tack onde Wispostor l'amir Domani-; Fradante le fortezzi am Mogno lesciales lingo un numero Confectate di gente per la custorio ce pertanto To li Selan', e Canonici um sono venuti for= wiser Sello per junte of goto ser Jonen Li wilin adis

From this letter we see Archpriest S. Cassar in direct negotiaions with the Portuguese Admiral. His secretary F. Spiteri in this letter informs Giuseppi Grima Commander of Zebbug, that: "The Superintendent" returned at a late hour, and the reply to his letter will reach him to morrow". He also instructs him "In the meantime to make sure that the Fort (Chambray) is not left without adequate number of men, for its defence, and to make sure that the soldiers and gunners are at their posts, and not roaming outside the fort".

Comand ! Lav la vichiaita iodisfazio na contro Mitsud Sciotfa com munichero la sua compros al digf: Com? Mallia Dain la. Restisicura, che invigi levo sulli indizii avanzatimi viguardo la novia das sudo Scioffa comprata, cropra la to tale sua condo to. Un lano. ne mavato 12a seva non il ha favro.

i mi evedas

li V. V. Clas: fi 1. 48 trà y 4 hil: Lervo

não Saec lerus ha fatto nessun danno, intanto

In this letter Dr F. Pace tells Commander G. Grima of Zebbug: "Re your request to take action against Mifsud, communicate your decision to Commander Mallia. Rest assured that I will investigate very carefully his suspicious conduct, about which I have been informed", another reference to 'Franchophiles'. He also informs him that the "cannon fired this evening had not caused any damage".



In this letter Dr Francesco Pace Commander of Rabat complains to Commander G. Grima of Zebbug: "that he was being pressed to pay the men who had transported the cannons from Fort St Pauls to the new fort (at Ghelmus). This was causing him embarrasment, and begs him to send him money so that he can pay them".

He also informed him "that the cannon fired by the French did not cause any damage"

The new Fort he is refering to is the one on the hill (mountain) of Ghelmus, opposite the Cittadella (castle), were trenches where dug up as per letter of the 19th September (Cassar to Pace). Cannons were also transported there from Fort Chambray as per letter of the 23 September (Cassar to Hasciac). Reference to the transportation of these cannons to Ghelmus, can also be found in the official receipt manuscript. (21)

This letter was dispatched by horse courier as already pointed out.

M. Comension Careprines

Il Sargesto Innecio prizionino in Cacalo Cacio parlare colli soldati sun Compagni del astello liportarello la los resa, e si croe, che il Comindanto um alli Communicato il tenro della "ultimor woster letter , angi , clas aucen Dato alla stegra letter un espetto contrario, e. iii l'agamento da quella parla del Cestillo usuita clu la non letter uiv sin inumana. Male à nuis serus non jule succesere, mentre quyt Sangeate france Sair portet well-Panco giuntale aytorito dalli Sollati noi e De sul tempino de poter palare Mi heris. Congregati cla it Jarane Sulli Costini ; oul This participe wo at Sig. Commend. Tenil. Sulling , e se à l' questé sentimente questr Seen istigion at tank in portion at lungs.

quift Sazento, d'in her Conjunier aven "cles intendo sens de Francia, questo so guto, se ON 1. L. S. 860 1798. Il Soporintal Tenery Avap. 1. Copor

In this letter Archpriest S. Cassar informs Dr F Pace, Commander of Rabat, that: "The French Sergeant held prisioner in Casal Caccia (Ghaxaq), believes that if he is allowed to speak to his compatriots, he will persuade them to surrender.

"However according to information received by him from inside the castle, the French Commander has wrongly interpreted their request, and interpreted their suggestion as constituting inhuman treatment of the Sergeant.

"This is not correct as the Sergeant would be brought to the Banca Guratale escorted by soldiers, and from the balcony he will be able to speak freely to his companions on the bastions.

"He was to pass this order to Commander Mallia, and to see that when the French Sergeant was brought to the Banca Giuratale that evening, he would not be subjected to any rude remarks".

This order was passed on to Commander L. Grech of Caccia by Commander Mallia as per letter of the 8th October.

Al Sof Comediate Mills Comediate Mills Comediate Mills Comediate Mills Comediate Mills Comediate M. Janeyro Park	<u> </u>
Avigor V. Coper	Davi principio a latter il Certitto; cles
	A. B. Show right.

Archpriest S. Cassar in this letter informs Dr F. Pace, Commander of Rabat, that "he was as agreed, going to bombard the Cittadella (Castle) immediately up to noon".

lif Communate Libert week To sons à pregado & farme mudare della Jove & marel from du Camili polivere, mentre la quantità clu lo non mi serve y face Tue giorni di fusco, core oggi, e Tomani trovandone were the odo Cambi agraj picchi; Domeni spedio la Carca all' amminglio Portugues per portion la placere; la mi Toos we monte Theling Town seprets deth! Fur banili plueres. Fire at Sif Peroco he for L'espougene Vamani massius almers pose over, affintes well' admyim il Popolo favo le sur jurghiera of ejution, e un holy. I squarted lines. owand aute

In this letter Archpriest S. Cassar informs Commander Liberato Grech of Caccia that "he had only eight very small barrels of gun powder left, which were not enough for two days firing from the mount of Ghelmus". This confirms that the request for the transfer of cannons in earlier letters were intended for Ghelmus.

He was also requesting gun powder from the Portuguese and was sending a boat tomorrow for such a purpose.

his Che Ino a megarle Si mandovini bon cartodito Pai moi, e nostri soldati il Savrente France. so , il quale s'offeri di pur losa on i soldrato the Planno nel Svan astelle, our for glis arren. Ive - sowo ch'elle mi le mand d'un subito ellendo anche questo il sentimento del higo cipte prache tanto mi significo de me no I ma lettera . grest'è quanto, e rest'appos mi mi Sin D. U.S. Rasalo 8.86 ru 1) autono marein Caria

In this letter Antonio Mallia co Commander of Rabat, requests from Commander L. Grech to send him under arms from Rabat the French Sergeant who wised to speak to his companions as per instructions of Archpriest Cassar".

Sif Comandante

Kispoudo alla postra letter, ed intorno alfatton Ich life not face stando See Dies cle is non the Visto Sidinor Berne per la Sua Catture, me nel mondento - Che pranjavo mi sindigio rele foreis Soldate vosti ever and the well montagne advandi po mo mis di Feles Catture, lu la letter preciental della topion patrio Vale non em quell'ittejer, cles aver floresto In Clementes for neallow Whiney alla voite

gente soltanto gli digni, clevera artitio Tille Comandant loso de frattare A Icto not Vaio contre lui de nulla fra Dejso his hi Jospetto Ocidinaj Li alla vosta jente De ghistan populos de Cadunio à pio: Addres Villiano Dalbi der Truje Can siglio de detto notaro ejendo jungto ma: infest vivologionisis de sayaj buons de Smethedisin program sulle Some Engel, per word Communicans la los Calties intergine Constant Cara Seripere at Shit mi-The care con the contract of the 100 - 100 May 860 229 850 grand cato was for the colores with as a sold of lot Les. Avaiple J. Capied



One of the great problems Archpriest S. Cassar had to solve was how to combat Gozitans sympathetic to the French Francophiles. In one of his early letters probably written on the 19th September to Avvocato Francesco Pace Commander of Rabat, he points out that "they must work hard to do away with divisions among Gozitans", a reference to Francophiles.

On the 2nd October Commander Avvocato F. Pace of Rabat had informed Commander G. Grima that "He was going to investigate the suspicious conduct of Mifsud"

The Malta Study Circle handbook mentions a letter in 1798 (day/month not quoted), written by Franco Pace Grech from Rabat, to the local French Force Commander "asking permission to form a regiment to safeguard the beleaguered Castle at Rabat. (22)

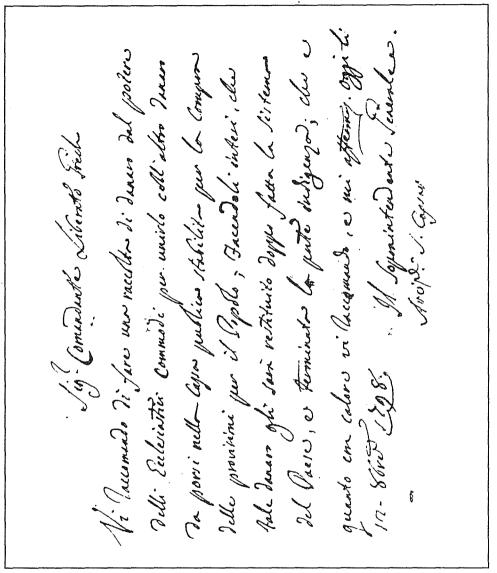
Archpriest S. Cassar in this letter of the 12th October tells Commander Liberato Grech of Caccia, that, "I am replying to your letter, and regarding the case of Notary Pace I only tell you that I have given no order for his arrest, but at the time when I was dining I was told that he was taken to the mount by your soldiers bringing as reason for such arrest, that the letter presented by the same notary Pace, was not the same one which he had received from Clement. I gave no orders to your men. I told them only it was at their Commanders discretion to deal with Notary Pace, against whom till now I have no suspicion. I did order your men if possible to arrest Gio Andrea Pullicino, and Advocate Luigi Pace, son of the said Notary, as they are overt revolutionaries, and it is a very good thing to put them in prison in Garzes Tower, so that they may not communicate their evil intentions to others".

"The Pace's" refererred to in this letter have no connection with Avoccato Francesco Pace Commander of Rabat.

Antonio Mallia who had been appointed Commander of Fort Chambray, and Co Commander of Rabat by Congress of the 18th September was also under suspicion. In his letter of the 24th September Archpriest S. Cassar informed Dr Franceso Pace Commander of Rabat that "he had appointed Provisionally as Commanders of Fort Chambray Francesco Hili/ Liberato Grech/ and Giuseppe Grima."

Moreover we shall see in letters of the 23rd, and 24th October, that "Mallia was put under house arrest, and not to live in Rabat, Sannat or Xewkija."

Archpriest S. Cassar in his letters to Commander L. Grech, orders the arrest "of Two or (?) Three Canons", and "wants to arrest Avvocato Luigi, and Daniele Pace known revolutionaries."



No doubt another great difficulty Archpriest S. Cassar had to face was how to raise money to pay for food supplies bought in Sicily.

In this letter he instructs Liberato Grech Commander of Caccia "to raise loans from well-to-do priests to be deposited in the special fund (Cassa Publica) set up for such a purpose to buy provisions for the people. These loans to be repaid once the situation comes back to normal".

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(TO BE CONTINUED)

ANSWERS TO LAST ISSUE'S CROSSWORD - PSM JOURNAL Vo; 28/2 By J.R. Kitchen

Across:

- 1. Credo; 4. Harrison; 10. Tsetse; 11. Aerogram; 13. Malagasy; 14. Blind; 16. Erne;
- 17. Orchid; 21. Sheila; 22. Harp; 26. A. Kolb; 27. Niuafoou; 29. Oilfield; 30. Revere;
- 31. Alderney; 32. Burns.

Down:

- 2. Reisling; 3. Design; 5. Aden; 6. Rhomboid; 7. Serbia; 8. Nomads; 9. Stampex;
- 12. Estonia; 15. Oceania; 18. Chabrier; 19. Napoleon; 20. Epaulet; 23. Pagoda; 24. Foiled;
- 25. Haleru; 28. Blue

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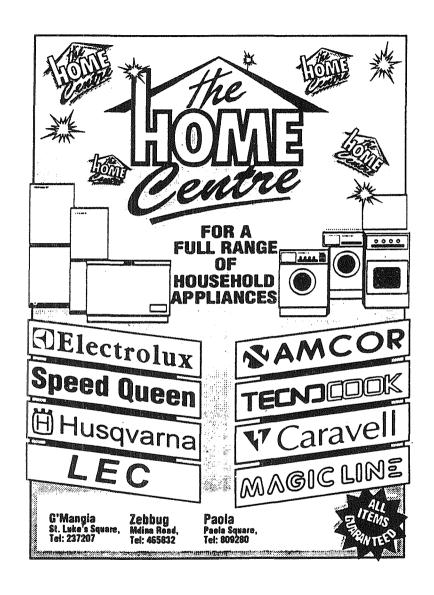
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