

MATRICULATION AND SECONDARY EDUCATION CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS BOARD

UNIVERSITY OF MALTA, MSIDA

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION
ADVANCED LEVEL
SEPTEMBER 2015

SUBJECT: PHILOSOPHY
PAPER NUMBER: I
DATE: 1st September 2015
TIME: 9.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Answer **THREE** questions in all, **ONE** from **EACH** section. Questions carry equal marks.

Section A: Logic

1. (a) By means of an example and in not more than ten lines, explain how it is possible for one to assert $a \supset b$ without being able to assert one of a and b .
- (b) Translate symbolically:
- x is perfect and prime but it is not even.
 - It is not the case that if x is even then it is prime.
 - If x is prime then x is perfect but not even.
 - x is prime only if it is not even.
 - x is prime if and only if it is not even.
 - x is prime, if it is neither even nor perfect.
- (c) Work out which three of the following five propositions are equivalent to each other.
- $b \supset \neg a$
 - $\neg a \supset b$
 - $a \supset b$
 - $\neg(a \supset b)$
 - $\neg(\neg a \supset \neg b)$
- (d) X and Y are formulae containing precisely a and b as primary formulae such that X and $X \supset Y$ have the following truth-tables:

a	b	X	$X \supset Y$
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F

Y has then one of two truth-tables. Write down these two truth-tables.

- (e) (i) Find out by means of a truth-table whether the implication $(a \vee b) \wedge c \rightarrow (a \wedge c) \vee (b \wedge c)$ is valid. Give a reason for your answer.
- (ii) State the duality principle.
- (iii) Dualise the implication in (e)(i).
- (iv) Using only the duality principle state whether the answer in (e)(iii) is valid.

(f) Fill in the blanks:

\equiv is an equivalence relation, i.e. it is:

- (i) reflexive $A \equiv A$
- (ii) symmetric $A \equiv B \Rightarrow B \equiv A$
- (iii) transitive $A \equiv B, B \equiv C \Rightarrow A \equiv C$

2. (a) Does the method of constructive logic consist in describing the way that words like ‘not’, ‘and’, ‘or’ etc are used in English?

(b) Translate the following:

- (i) It is not the case that both Kate and Jane are at work.
- (ii) Neither Kate nor Jane are at work.
- (iii) Either Kate or Jane is at work.
- (iv) At least one of Kate and Jane is at work.
- (v) If Jane is at work then Kate is not.
- (vi) Kate is at work if and only if Jane is.

(c) Giving a reason for your answers, work out whether each of these implications is valid.

- (i) $a \wedge b \rightarrow b \wedge a$
- (ii) $(a \vee b) \wedge c \rightarrow \neg a \vee \neg c$

(d) Using truth-tables, determine whether:

- (i) \wedge is associative
- (ii) \vee is commutative
- (iii) \wedge is distributive over \vee

(e) (i) Translate symbolically the following proposition:

It is not the case that neither Jane nor Paul was working.

- (ii) Use the appropriate de Morgan’s equivalence to simplify the answer to (i).
- (iii) To which one or more of the following propositions does the answer to (ii) correspond?

- (1) Either Jane or Paul was working.
- (2) Jane or Paul was working.
- (3) At least one of Jane and Paul was working.
- (4) One and only one of Jane and Paul was working.

(f) Fill in the blanks:

- (i) $A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C \Rightarrow$ _____ (transitivity)
- (ii) $A \rightarrow B, \neg B \Rightarrow$ _____ (Modus Tollens)
- (iii) $\neg(A \wedge B) \Leftrightarrow$ _____ (de Morgan)
- (iv) $(A \rightarrow B) \wedge C \Leftrightarrow$ _____ (transportation)
- (v) $A \rightarrow B \Leftrightarrow C \Rightarrow$ _____ (contraposition)

Section B: Philosophy of Language

- 3. In what ways is human communication more complex than animal communication?
- 4. How does David Cooper approach the question of meaning in his book, *Meaning*?

Section C: History of Philosophy

- 5. How do the views of Spinoza and Leibniz offer a response to Descartes' distinction between mind and body?

B'liema mod il-fehmiet ta' Spinoza u Leibniz joffru risposta g all-ideat ta' Descartes fuq id-distinzjoni bejn ir-ru u l- isem?

- 6. Discuss Empiricism with reference to TWO Empiricist philosophers of your choice.

Iddiskuti l-filosofija Empirista b'referenza g al EW filosfi Empiristi tal-g a la tieg ek.

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MATRICULATION EXAMINATION
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SEPTEMBER 2015

SUBJECT:	PHILOSOPHY
PAPER NUMBER:	II
DATE:	2 nd September 2015
TIME:	9.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Answer **THREE** questions in all, **ONE** from **EACH** section. Questions carry equal marks.

Section A: Ethics

1. Comment on the main features of **either** (i) Hedonism **or** (ii) Egoism.
2. Analyse John Finnis' account of human nature in relation to his arguments on ethics.

Section B: Selected Texts I (Classical and Modern Texts)

3. Which are the reasons Socrates gives in the *Phaedrus*, as to why the written word is inferior to the spoken word?
4. What, according to Aristotle, is "the good for man"? Discuss with reference to the *Nicomachean Ethics*.
5. Outline and discuss the role of the individual in society in J.S. Mill's *On Liberty*.

Section C: Selected Texts II (Contemporary Texts)

6. In his book *The Concept of Mind*, Gilbert Ryle makes reference to "unstudied talk". Discuss.
7. Give an overview of speech act theory as set out by J.L. Austin in his book, *How to Do Things With Words*.
8. Why, according to Charles Taylor in *The Ethics of Authenticity*, is "relativism... a profound mistake"?
9. Highlight the main points in Gadamer's essay "Image and Gesture".