

SEC SYLLABUS (2022)

ARABIC

SEC 02

SYLLABUS

SEC 02 Arabic
Syllabus Addendum

Mitigating factors for 2022 MATSEC Examinations Session

Changes in Subject Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- The following sections will not be assessed:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Listening Comprehension• Dictation• Culture
Changes in Coursework	N/A
Changes in Exam Paper(s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Candidates will not be assessed on Part One of Paper I (Listening Comprehension and Dictation) and the Culture section in Paper II.

Arabic SEC 02 Syllabus	(Not available in September) Paper I: Aural/Oral (1½ hrs) + Paper II: 1hr 50
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Aims

The aims of a course in ARABIC leading to the award of a SEC Certificate should be:

- (a) To develop the ability to use the language effectively for purposes of practical communication;
- (b) To develop the ability of learning to learn and to evaluate one's learning;
- (c) To offer insights into culture and civilisation, intercultural awareness and notions of human universal values;
- (d) To contribute to the cognitive and affective development of the student;
- (e) To provide enjoyment and intellectual stimulation.

ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES**SPEAKING (A2)** – Candidates must show ability

- (a) To give descriptions of aspects related to everyday affairs and conditions
- (b) To exchange relevant information on familiar and social matters
- (c) To discuss practical issues
- (D) To express personal opinions on common problems
- (e) To make simple transactions in social situations
- (f) To receive required information
- (g) To respond adequately in a direct interview

LISTENING (A2) – Candidates must show ability

- (a) To understand short, concrete texts in standard speech
- (b) To identify the main point/s of short clear texts
- (c) To extrapolate essential ideas from short texts of concrete type and familiar topics

READING (A2+B1) – Candidates must show an ability

- (a) To read short, simple texts on common, concrete topics
- (b) To elicit overall meaning of short texts containing some unfamiliar words
This implies reading with understanding letters, faxes, advertisements, prospectuses, menus, lists, notices, signs, brochures, short newspaper articles
- (c) To identify specific information
- (d) To understand direct regulations, simple instructions and short descriptions
- (e) To read Arabic *Naskh* script with accuracy

WRITING (A2+B1) – Candidates must show an ability

- (a) To describe common events and experiences
- (b) To write simple narratives including action and circumstances
- (c) To express ideas, opinions, and emotions in letters, notes and messages
- (d) to write Arabic *Naskh* script with good accuracy

SUBJECT CONTENT

Candidates will be assessed on their communicative language competence which has the following components:

Sociolinguistic Competences include the listening and speaking skills. These topics are to be covered and candidates will be expected to know the following:

1. **Personal Identification:** morning and evening greetings; getting acquainted with others; asking about one's state.
2. **The Family:** introducing and talking about members of the family; talking about one's likes and dislikes; talking about one's profession.
3. **Nationality:** identifying and meeting people from different countries; asking and giving information about country of origin and country of residence.
4. **Residence:** where does one live; describing one's house in a particular street in a city or town.
5. **Location:** asking and giving information about the neighbourhood; street and city activities.
6. **Means of Transport:** travelling in the city by different means of transport; at the Bus station; taking a taxi; on the ferry boat; using a private car.
7. **Numbers and Time:** asking and giving the time; describing daily activities at different times such as waking, going to school or to work, taking meals, travelling; asking how much or how many.
8. **Seasons and weather:** likes and dislikes; weather preferences; describing inside and outside activities on different seasons.
9. **Months and days of the week:** giving information about particular major feasts or activities in certain months; planning what to do during the week or in the forthcoming months; describing one's activities or routine during the week.
10. **A telephone conversation:** calling someone asking 'what' and 'when'; giving information about 'what', 'where' and 'when' regarding an appointment, an activity or an event or to set up an informal meeting.
11. **Colours:** describing one's hair, eyes; favourite colours; personal items; colour of rooms or furniture in the house, school or place of work.
12. **Shopping:** bargaining and buying expressions; at the greengrocer; at the butcher; at the fishmonger; at the clothes shop; at the confectionery; at the bookshop; at the computer shop; at the sports shop.
13. **Down-Town:** holding a conversation and or describing events that take place at the bank; at the post-office; at the Internet-Café; at the cinema; in the public garden; in the library.
14. **Eating Out:** at the restaurant; at the school canteen; at the coffee shop or bar; ordering a meal, or a drink or a snack; likes and dislikes for types of food; food allergies.

15. **Sports:** types of sports; preferred type of sports; in the sports ground; watching a match either live or on TV.
16. **Favourite Hobbies and Pets:** types of pastimes; describing one's favourite hobby; pets in the house; describing one's favourite pet; how one takes care of it and spends time with it.
17. **The Human Body:** naming external parts of the body; at the doctor's clinic; visiting a patient at the hospital; in the pharmacy; phoning for an ambulance in an emergency.
18. **Travelling Abroad:** at the travel agent; at the Consular office for visa application; at the airport; at the railway station; at the passport control and the customs.
19. **In a Foreign Country:** at the hotel; renting an apartment; visiting historical sites; visiting places of interest; at the national museum; at the souvenir shop; sending a post-card home.
20. **Handling a Problem:** at the police station; reporting a theft; reporting a lost passport; reporting a lost suitcase; reporting a car accident; requesting directions when lost.

Linguistic Competences include the writing skills which comprise the grammatical, lexical, semantic, phonological, orthographic competences.

Candidates are expected to know the following grammatical rules and concepts:

The Alphabet in *Naskhi* style (the sun and the moon letters).

Use of *Hamza* (initial, medial, final position), the *ta' marbuta*, *shadda*, *madda* and other standard orthographic devices.

Knowledge of vowelings such as nunation and all the short vowels, to assist in comprehension of spoken and written text

The Definite and indefinite article

Nouns: in the three cases: nominative, accusative and genitive;
Definite and indefinite;
Masculine and feminine;
Singular, dual and plural;
Common broken plurals;
Also notable exceptions to the prevalent rule: e.g. Non-human plurals are grammatically feminine singular;
of place and time;
Of instrument.

Pronouns: personal, demonstrative, attached, relative and interrogative.

Adjectives: formation of and their placing;
in the three cases: nominative, accusative, genitive agreement in gender, number and use (including use of before names of relatives: *nisba*);
Of colours and defects.

Prepositions: their proper usage;
The possessive and construct state (*idafa*).

Nominal sentences: subject and predicate in equational sentences;
Sentences with *kana* and its common sisters and with *inna* and its common sisters.

The Verbs: formation and use of common trilateral (and some examples of Quadrilateral verbs;
the perfect tense;
the imperfect and imperative tenses;
basic rules of the subjunctive and the jussive;
essential weak verbs e.g. لَمَّ ، يَمُرُ
essential doubled verbs eg. ، حَدَّ حَدَّ ، حَدَّ
essential *hamzated* verbs eg. أَرَّ ، أَرَّ ، أَرَّ
the Passive voice.

Verbal sentences: word order: verb, subject, direct object;
Pronoun suffixes and the verb;
Negative sentences (all forms)

Adverbs of Time and Place and their usage

Conjunctions: Comparative and superlative

Proper nouns: names of countries (Arab and non-Arab);
nationalities;
familiar personal Arab names.

The calendar: months of the Christian and Muslim years.

Numbers: Cardinal and ordinal numbers; fractions; expressions of time, date,
age, telephone numbers, prices, weights, measures.

Pragmatic competence comprises functional, thematic development, coherence and cultural competences.
Candidates are expected to know the following for the cultural section in Paper 2.

- 1) Proverbs: Candidates are expected to know all the Arabic proverbs listed in Book Three page 136 of *Qari, Kitba, Konverzazzjoni u Grammatika*, R.Dijaf, PEG: Malta, 1986.
- 2) Knowledge on the Arab world: Refer to Table 1. With regards to personalities, candidates are expected to know a brief biography about them.

SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT

Candidates will be required to take two papers of two hours' duration each:

Paper 1 – This paper is to be taken by all candidates. It is designed to test: aural/oral skills; the active control of the usage of Arabic; spoken fluency and the ability to extract information.

Part One of Paper 1 consists of the Listening Comprehension and the Dictation.

Part Two of Paper 1 consists of One-to-one Conversation and a reading comprehension, answering questions orally.

Paper II – There will be two versions of this paper: Paper 2A and Paper 2B. Candidates are required to indicate on the registration form which paper they wish to sit for. No change in the choice of paper will be allowed after the registration period. Paper 2A will contain questions that are more demanding than those in Paper 2B. This paper is designed to test the ability to write a passage of continuous prose in Arabic, the ability to read, understand and interpret a text, and the ability to translate into and from Arabic.

Paper 2A consists of an essay, two short passages for translation (one passage Arabic into English and the other English into Arabic), grammar exercise for vocalisation and the culture part.

Paper 2B consists of a short essay/message, one passage for translation from Arabic into English, a grammar exercise and the culture part which is common like that of paper 2A.

Reception 35%	LISTENING 15%	<i>Listening comprehension</i> (which requires 30 mins). The questions and answers for <i>listening comprehension</i> should be in Arabic. The exercises featured may be Multiple choice and/or True or False. <i>Dictation</i> (this requires another 30 mins: 15 mins from LISTENING and 15 mins from WRITING, since this task makes use of both skills) * The <i>Listening Comprehension</i> and the <i>Dictation</i> altogether will not exceed 250 words.	60 mins
	READING 20%	<i>Reading comprehension</i> (which requires 20 mins), <i>Reading aloud</i> and answering the questions orally. * The reading text will be comprised of 80-120 words.	20 mins
Production 65%	SPEAKING 15%	<i>Conversation, one to one</i> based on the topics indicated in the 'Subject Content'.	2-3 minutes
	WRITING 50%	<i>Language use, Essay/ writing task, grammar and Culture</i> * The <i>Essay</i> and the <i>Writing Tasks</i> altogether must have the following word limits: 200-270 (Paper IIA) 150-220 (Paper IIB)	150 mins
Weighting (100%)		Tasks	

Paper I + Paper IIB should be pegged at level A2 (CEF) and candidates sitting for Paper I and Paper IIB may qualify for a grade not higher than 4 (i.e. grades 4, 5, 6, 7); the results of candidates who do not obtain at least a Grade 7 shall remain Unclassified (U).

Paper I + Paper IIA should be pegged at levels A2 and B1 (CEF) and candidates sitting for Paper I + Paper IIA may qualify for a grade within the range 1 to 5 (i.e. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5); the results of candidates who do not obtain a Grade 5 shall remain Unclassified (U).

GRADE DESCRIPTIONS

Candidates who obtain Grades 1, 2, and 3 will be assumed to have reached level B1.

The results of candidates who obtain Grades 4 and 5 will indicate level A2 (CEF) in the language.

The results of candidates who obtain Grades 6 and 7 will indicate a level below A2.

Grade 1 means that candidates have a sufficient range of language to describe unpredictable situations, explain the main points in an idea or problem with reasonable precision and express thoughts on abstract or cultural topics. (B1)

Grade 5 means that candidates have a repertoire of basic language which enables him/her to deal with everyday situations with predictable content, though they will generally have to compromise the message and search for words. (A2)

Grade 7 means that candidates show only limited control of a few grammatical structures and sentence patterns in a learnt repertoire. (A1)

TABLE 1

ARABIC SPEAKING COUNTRIES	CAPITAL CITIES	POLITICAL SYSTEM	FAMOUS PEOPLE from Literature, Sport, Music, History
Morocco	Rabat	Monarchy	Nawal El Moutawakel - Olympic athlete; Ibn Batutah - explorer & traveler; Ibn Rushd - philosopher & physician
Mauritania	Nouakchott	Republic	
Algeria	Algiers	Republic	Abdel Qadir - patriotic leader; Djébar, Assia - novelist; Morceli Noureddine - footballer
Tunisia	Tunis	Republic	Ibn Khaldun - sociologist; Moufida Tlatli - film director
Libya	Tripoli	Jamahiriya	Omar al-Mukhtar - patriot; Salam Al-Barudi - poet; Ibrahim Alkouni - short story writer
Egypt	Cairo	Republic	Yussef Shahin, Najib Mahfouz, Nawal al-Sadawi, Umm Kulthum, Amr Diab
Sudan	Khartoum	Republic	Ibrahim Ishaq Ibrahim - novelist; Al-Tijani Yusuf Bashir - poet
Djibouti	Djibouti	Republic	
Palestine	East Jerusalem	Authority	Samira Azzam - short story writer; Ghassan Kanafani - journalist & prose writer
Jordan	Amman	Monarchy	Ghaleb Halassa - short story writer

Lebanon	Beirut	Republic	Khalil Gibran - prose writer and poet; Feyrouz - singer
Syria	Damascus	Republic	Jabir Ibn Hayyan - an alchemist; Youssef al-'Udzma - patriotic leader
Iraq	Baghdad	Republic	Abu Nuwas - poet; Yaqûb ibn Ishâq al-Kindî - philosopher & scientist
Kuwait	Kuwait	Emirate	Hanan S. Kanaan - author
Saudi Arabia	Riyad	Monarchy	Mohamed Al-Bisatie – novelist
United Arab Emirates	Abu Dhabi	Emirate	
Oman	Muscat	Monarchy	
Yemen	Sana'a	Republic	Mohammed Ahmed Abdul Wali - novelist; Abd al-Aziz al-Maqalih – scholar
Bahrain	Manama	Constitutional monarchy	Tarafa ibn Al Abd - poet; Ahmad Bin Majid, 15th century navigator and writer
Qatar	Doha	Monarchy	